

# Capacity Strategy 2028

Common document of  
ProRail, ACF/CFL, SNCF Réseau, DB InfraGO AG, ÖBB Infrastruktur AG, RFI S.p.A,  
SŽ Infrastruktura, SZCZ

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**ProRail**



LE GOUVERNEMENT  
DU GRAND-DUCHÉ DE LUXEMBOURG  
Ministère de la Mobilité  
et des Travaux publics  
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**ÖBB**  
INFRA

**RFI**  
RETE FERROVIARIA ITALIANA  
GRUPPO FERROVIE DELLO STATO ITALIANE

**Infrastruktura**

**SPRÁVA  
ŽELEZNIC**

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## Disclaimer

With the present document, the participating Infrastructure Managers (IM) test an integrated approach for delivering Capacity Strategies.

In the spirit of TTR, the aim beyond the pilot is to reach an understanding of the expected content, which should be harmonized yet detailed enough to feed a single document that covers several, intricately connected networks.

For the first time as a pilot the document is the result of a new approach which sees the participation of FTE and some EU railway companies.

In the long run, the present pilot helps collecting experience and building up know-how together with RailNetEurope (RNE) and Forum Train Europe (FTE) in view of the future European Regulation on the use of railway infrastructure capacity in the single European railway area [COM (2023) 443/2]. The first timetable with which the Regulation will be implemented is expected to be decided during 2025.

As of 2028 ÖBB Infra decided to publish a national Capacity Strategy. In case of discrepancies between the present document and the national Capacity Strategies, the latter remain the reference documents. For ProRail, DB InfraGO, RFI, SZ Infra, SNCF Reseau SZCZ and ACF/CFL the present document is the reference document

## Introduction

TTR expects each IM to publish a Capacity Strategy until 3 years prior to timetable-change (X-36). General aim of the Capacity Strategy is to provide indication on key values of capacity planning, i.e., on changes in the availability of the infrastructure, Temporary Capacity Restrictions (TCRs or “negative capacity”) as well as on commercial capacity (“positive capacity”) for a given timetable.

The Capacity Strategy is the earliest TTR-planning instrument, based on which the Capacity Model (June 2026 for Timetable 2028) and, for some of the first implementing IMs, the Capacity Supply (January 2027 for Timetable 2028) will be developed.



Figure 1: Steps of the TTR process (Source: RNE)

The present document aims at stressing the international character of TTR-end products to the benefit of consistency, coherence, and customer-friendliness. It has been developed based on the RNE's Capacity Strategy Handbook, version 3.0<sup>1</sup> save the systematic publication of a national Capacity Strategy (s. Disclaimer).

The present document applies to Timetable 2028 on lines of international relevance. It encloses four main chapters:

- A description of the geographic scope
- Expected permanent changes in infrastructure capacity,
- Expected Temporary Capacity Restrictions (TCRs) with major impact,
- Expected traffic flows, whereby the values displayed apply for Timetable 2028 at relevant border sections within the geographical scope.

The Capacity Strategy targets applicants as well as their end customers, service facilities and terminals, policy decision makers as well as any other stakeholder of rail capacity planning and allocation.

The present document is endorsed by the Infrastructure Managers involved but is, however, non-binding.

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<sup>1</sup> [https://rne.eu/wp-content/uploads/HB\\_Capacity\\_Strategy\\_3.0\\_2023-05-31.pdf](https://rne.eu/wp-content/uploads/HB_Capacity_Strategy_3.0_2023-05-31.pdf)

## List of Involved IMs and Contact Details

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# 0. Geographical Scope

The lines with international relevance were selected on basis of experience, starting from border points with the highest volume of international traffic, both passenger and freight. An overview of the geographic scope is displayed in the map in Figure 2<sup>2</sup>. For reasons of better visualization, not all border points and lines are displayed in this map. The whole scope is displayed in the submaps which are displayed in the chapters 1 and 2.

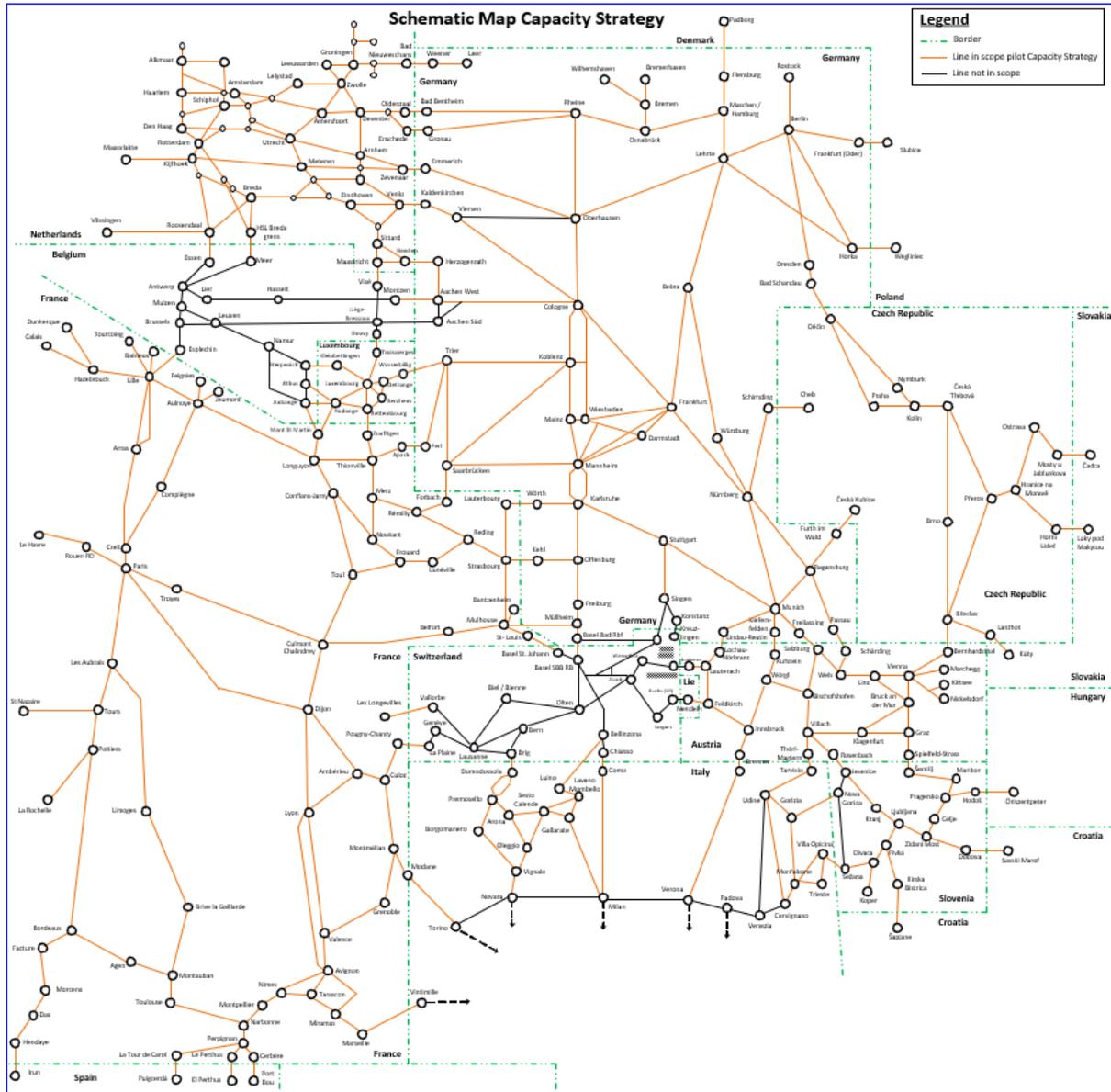


Figure 2: Schematic Map Capacity Strategy

<sup>2</sup> An overview of terminals and service facilities can be found here: <https://railfacilitiesportal.eu/>

## 1. Expected Capacity of Infrastructure in Timetable 2028

The present chapter provides an overview of significant positive or negative changes to the available capacity for Timetable 2028, compared to the infrastructure available in December 2024.

In case of changes regarding capacity, which was already announced in previous Capacity Strategies, the modifications are shown in [blue color](#) to facilitate traceability.

The projects listed in this chapter fulfill the following criteria:

- Unlike TCRs which are mentioned in chapter 2, the project has a permanent impact on the available capacity.
- The project unfolds its effect on capacity for Timetable 2028. Subsequent Capacity Strategies will provide annual updates.
- The projects have a significant effect on capacity and are located on network segments relevant for international traffic, whereby each Infrastructure Manager evaluates the fulfillment of this criteria on its own.
- About positive effects on capacity, projects labeled as “quantitative” are expected to allow a higher number of trains; projects labeled as “train characteristics” are expected to allow longer heavier or enhanced profile trains; projects labeled as “operational improvement” concern improvements in flexibility, marshalling and other.
- About negative effects on capacity, projects labeled as “quantitative” have, as outcome, a lower number of trains; projects labeled as “train characteristics” have, as outcome, a reduction of train length, weight, or profile; projects labeled as “operational restrictions” have, as outcome, a performance reduction about flexibility, marshalling and other.

In the maps at the end of the chapter, green bullets locate the projects that provide additional available capacity, red bullets locate the projects that provide reduced available capacity. They are linked to the IDs in the following tables.

## 1.1 Additional Available Capacity

| Additional Available Capacity                           |    |  |  |  |                               |                   |                               |
|---|----|--|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| All listed projects have been approved by IM Management |    |  |  |  |                               |                   |                               |
| Country   | ID | Network segment                                  | Description  | Effect   | Estimated effects on capacity | Financing secured | Effective from [if available] |
| <b>Dec-2024</b>   |    |  |  |  |                               |                   |                               |
| CZ  | 1  | Pardubice  | Complete modernisation of the railway junction. Construction of a new platform, extension of the track length  | Operation of longer trains, higher capacity of platforms   | Train characteristic          | Yes               | Dec-24                        |
| CZ  | 2  | More sections within main line network           | Addition of ETCS control stations  | Safety enhancement   | Operational improvement       | Yes               | Dec-24                        |
| CZ  | 3  | Brno - Česká Třebová                             | Addition of ETCS control stations  | Safety enhancement   | Operational improvement       | Yes               | Dec-24                        |
| AT  | 1  | Wartberg im Mürztal                              | Station refurbishment, 760m tracks   | Passing of 750m freight trains possible  | Train characteristics         | Yes               | Dec-24                        |
| AT  | 2  | Peggau-Deutschfeistritz                          | Station refurbishment, 760m tracks   | Passing of 750m freight trains possible  | Train characteristics         | Yes               | Dec-24                        |
| AT  | 3  | Linz - Summerau Railway Line                     | Enhancement and adapting the tracks in stations  | Better feasibility of train service  | Train characteristics         | Yes               | Dec-24                        |
| IT  | 1  | Milano Centrale                                  | Platform upgrade   | More tracks upgraded for 400 m trains  | Train characteristics         | Yes               | Dec-24                        |
| <b>2025</b>   |    |  |  |  |                               |                   |                               |
| NL  | 1  | Beilen   | Removal of passing track and switches, signal adjustments  | No possibility for overtaking anymore. Shorter running times for regional trains.                                | Operational improvement       | Yes               | Mar-25                        |
| NL  | 2  | Amsterdam Centraal                               | New UK-terminal in passenger tunnel near platform track 15   | Secured boarding via Channel Tunnel to United Kingdom with capacity of 650 passengers                            | Operational improvement       | Yes               | Apr-25                        |
| NL  | 3  | Rijswijk - Delft - Schiedam - Rotterdam Centraal | Track doubling from 2 to 4 tracks between Rijswijk and Delft Campus, from 2 to 4 platform tracks on Schiedam, extension of platform tracks 6-9 on Rotterdam and various layout adjustments on Rotterdam - Schiedam | Capacity for more and longer passenger trains between Rotterdam and The Hague. Shorter running and headway times | Quantitative                  | Yes               | Apr-25                        |
| NL  | 4  | Zwolle - Wierden                                 | Various speed increases and adjustments on platform tracks in Heino and Raalte   | Shorter running times  | Operational improvement       | Yes               | Jun-25                        |

|    |   |                                |   |   |  |     |        |
|----|---|--------------------------------|---|---|--|-----|--------|
| NL | 5 | Zuidbroek - Bad Nieuweschans   | Various speed increases and removal of passing track in Winschoten  | Shorter running times   | Operational improvement                        | Yes | Jun-25 |
| NL | 6 | Groningen                      | Dead end tracks of regional lines will be connected, whereby 3 through platform tracks for the regional lines will be realized, and in addition 4 dead end tracks from/to Zwolle.   | Connection of regional train services through Groningen, independent of train service to/from Assen | Quantitative                                   | Yes | Aug-25 |
| NL | 7 | Hengelo                        | Removal of switches and adjustment of layout of stabling yard   | More service capacity on the stabling yard  | Operational improvement                        | Yes | Oct-25 |
| LU | 1 | Luxembourg - Ettelbruck        | New blocks  | Additional capacity   | Timetable stabilisation, capacity augmentation | Yes | 2025   |
| DE | 1 | Berlin Hbf                     | Part of realization of missing switch connection in connection with a safety-related division of tracks 1+8   | Safety enhancement  | Operational improvement                        | Yes | Apr-25 |
| DE | 2 | Berlin Hbf                     | Part of realization of missing switch connection in connection with an adjustment of signal dependency from northbound direction  | Safety enhancement  | Operational improvement                        | Yes | Apr-25 |
| DE | 3 | Berlin-Südkreuz - Blankenfelde | Dresdner Bahn Berlin: Closing of a gap  | Journey time reduction (ca. 10 min.)  | Quantitative                                   | Yes | Dec-25 |
| DE | 4 | Frankfurt Hbf                  | Signals (Zd) tracks 10, 11, 14-17: Splitting of tracks for possibility to temporarily increase capacity in Frankfurt Hbf  | Increase in capacity  | Quantitative                                   | Yes | Dec-25 |
| DE | 5 | Frankfurt - Mannheim           | Riedbahn: General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections und crossovers; refurbishment of signalling with ETCS L2mS and increased number of blocks after general refurbishment (additionally PZB) | Increase in performance   | Qualitative                                    | Yes | Jan-25 |
| CZ | 4 | Vsetín                         | Complete modernisation of the railway station   | Stopping with longer trains possible  | Train characteristic                           | Yes | Jan-25 |

|           |    |   |  |  |                         |     |  |
|-----------|----|---|--|--|-------------------------|-----|--|
| <b>CZ</b> | 5  | Kralupy nad Vltavou - Praha - Kolín     | Construction of ETCS   | Safety enhancement   | Operational improvement | Yes | <b>Sep-25</b>                                |
| <b>AT</b> | 4  | Unterpurkersdorf, Tullnerbach-Pressbaum | Station refurbishments   | Adapting infrastructure to local passenger traffic requirements and setting up a 760-m-track in Unterpurkersdorf | Operational improvement | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>AT</b> | 5  | Seekirchen Süd                          | New stop and new crossover   | New stop for passenger trains as well as increase in flexibility   | Operational improvement | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>AT</b> | 6  | Gramatneusiedl                          | Station refurbishment  | Increasing switch speeds, erecting 760-m-tracks  | Train characteristics   | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>AT</b> | 7  | Stadlau - Marchegg state border         | Electrification and double-track upgrade   | 2-track upgrade, raise speed up to 200 km/h, station refurbishments  | Quantitative            | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>AT</b> | 8  | Graz–Weitendorf                         | 4-track upgrade Graz–Feldkirchen, extension of track lengths at Puntigam station | Increase of capacity, preparation for new Koralm Railway line  | Quantitative            | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>AT</b> | 9  | Graz-Klagenfurt, Koralm railway line    | Construction of Graz–Klagenfurt line   | New high speed line between Graz an Klagenfurt   | Quantitative            | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>AT</b> | 10 | Arnoldstein                             | Station refurbishment, 760m tracks   | Passing of 750m freight trains possible  | Operational improvement | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>IT</b> | 2  | Gallarate                               | New 750 m passing tracks   | Adaptation to TSI  | Train characteristics   | Yes | <b>Mar-25</b>                                |
| <b>IT</b> | 3  | Gallarate                               | New interlocking   | Increase in flexibility  | Operational improvement | Yes | <b>Mar-25</b>                                |
| <b>IT</b> | 4  | Torino P. Susa - To. Rebaudengo F.      | New interlocking   | 4' headway, increase in flexibility  | Quantitative            | Yes | <b>Jun-25</b>                                |
| <b>IT</b> | 5  | Cervignano Smistamento                  | 750 m arrival/departure tracks   | Adaptation to TSI  | Train characteristics   | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>IT</b> | 6  | Cressa F.                               | 750 m passing track  | Adaptation to TSI  | Train characteristics   | Yes | <b>Jun-25</b>                                |
| <b>IT</b> | 7  | Chiasso - Como S.G. - B. Rosales        | New interlocking   | 4' headway, increase in flexibility  | Quantitative            | Yes | <b>new date under discussion</b>             |
| <b>IT</b> | 8  | Milano Smistamento                      | New yard connected to Teralp new terminal  | 750 m trains enabled to the new Teralp terminal  | Quantitative            | Yes | <b>Dec-25</b>                                |
| <b>IT</b> | 9  | Brescia Scalo                           | Freight terminal upgrade   | Tracks upgraded to 750 m   | Quantitative            | Yes | <b>2025 First Phase<br/>2027 Final Phase</b> |

|             |    |                     |   |  |  |        |        |
|-------------|----|---------------------|---|--|--|--------|--------|
| IT          | 10 | Trieste C.M.        | 750 m tracks and new interlocking   | Adaptation to TSI; Increased transportation capacity to 20 arrivals and 20 departures per day  | Quantitative and Train Characteristics | Yes    | 2025   |
| IT          | 11 | Udine               | New interlocking  | Increase in flexibility  | Operational improvement                | Yes    | Dec-25 |
| <b>2026</b> |    |                     |   |  |  |        |        |
| NL          | 8  | Hoofddorp           | Adjustment layout   | Realize simultaneous departure from different platforms to Hoofddorp stabling yard and terminal tracks Hoofddorp Midden. Increasing capacity at Hoofddorp and improving accessibility of the stabling yard | Operational improvement                | Yes    | Jan-26 |
| NL          | 9  | Moerdijk            | 2 shunting tracks for 740m long freight trains  | Freight trains with length of 740m can start/end at Moerdijk   | Train characteristics                  | Yes    | Mar-26 |
| NL          | 10 | Almere Oostvaarders | New switches for higher speed   | Shorter running and headway times  | Operational improvement                | Yes    | Sep-26 |
| NL          | 11 | Europoort           | Electrification of 2 arrival and departure tracks   | Freight trains with length of 740m can start/end at Europoort  | Train characteristics                  | Yes    | Apr-26 |
| NL          | 12 | Den Haag Centraal   | Two extra platform tracks, adjustments layout and signalling  | Capacity for more trains. Shorter running and headway times  | Quantitative                           | Yes    | Aug-26 |
| NL          | 13 | Eindhoven Centraal  | Adjustments layout east side  | Shorter running times and more simultaneities  | Operational improvement                | Yes    | Jul-26 |
| NL          | 14 | Wolfheze            | Remove passing track and switches, adjustment of signalling   | Less possibilities for traffic control. Shorter headway times  | Operational improvement                | Partly | Nov-26 |
| NL          | 15 | Heerlen             | Adjustments layout west side  | Optimized shunting process   | Operational improvement                | Yes    | Dec-26 |
| NL          | 16 | Coevorden           | Extra platform track, adjustments layout and signalling   | New passenger service Coevorden - Neuenhausen  | Quantitative                           | Yes    | Dec-26 |
| NL          | 17 | Lelystad - Zwolle   | Speed increase Lelystad - Hattemerbroek to 180 km/h and speed increase to 160 km/h along the platforms of Kampen Zuid   | Shorter running times  | Operational improvement                | No     | Dec-26 |
| DE          | 6  | Hamburg - Berlin    | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections and crossovers; refurbishment of signalling with sectional implementation of ETCS L2mS and increased number of blocks after general refurbishment (additionally PZB) | Increase in performance  | Qualitative                            | Yes    | May-26 |

|    |    |                          |  |   |                         |     |        |
|----|----|--------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| DE | 7  | Hagen – Wuppertal – Köln | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections and crossovers  | Increase in performance   | Qualitative             | No  | Jul-26 |
| DE | 8  | Nürnberg – Regensburg    | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections und crossovers, Refurbishment of signalling, with "ETCS ready" (additionally PZB)   | Shorter headways; Increase in performance   | Qualitative             | Yes | Jul-26 |
| DE | 9  | Troisdorf – Koblenz      | General refurbishment between Troisdorf and Koblenz as part of Corridor Rhine-Alpine with additional implementation of ETCS L2 and refurbishment of PZB signalling   | Increase in performance   | Qualitative             | Yes | Dec-26 |
| DE | 10 | Koblenz – Wiesbaden      | General refurbishment between Koblenz and Wiesbaden as part of Corridor Rhine-Alpine with additional implementation of ETCS L2 and refurbishment of PZB signalling; additional implementation of new switch connections and crossovers | Increase in performance   | Qualitative             | Yes | Dec 26 |
| DE | 11 | Stuttgart                | Tiefbahnhof Stuttgart 21 + Filder new-built line   | Travel time reduction approx. 15 min; prerequisite for realisation of half-hourly service in the long-distance north-south corridor and Mannheim - Munich | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-26 |
| DE | 12 | Hannover - Berlin        | 1. BS Electrification Lehrter Stammbahn: Electrification of section Schönhausen West - Wuster Damm and Nahrstedt - Gardelegen, 4 new junctions to line 6185, 740m track Gardelegen   | Enabling access with elect. rolling stock; Bypassing track 6185 possible  | Operational improvement | Yes | Dec-26 |
| DE | 13 | Flörsheim                | New ESTW Flörsheim: Track 3603 Hattersheim - Mainz-Kastel, Track 3525 Kostheim - Kaiserbrücke, increase of the number of blocks of the tracks, speed optimization, optimization of the usable length                                   | Shorter headways  | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-26 |
| DE | 14 | Karlsruhe - Offenburg    | ABS/NBS Karlsruhe - Basel: New-built line between Karlsruhe and Offenburg  | Journey time reduction approx. 3min in long distance traffic, capacity expansion to 4-track, continuous 4-track Karlsruhe - Offenburg                     | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-26 |
| DE | 15 | Wendlingen               | Project S21 / new-build line Wendlingen Ulm: restoration of two-track operation  | Elimination of dependencies direction and opposite direction  | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-26 |

|             |    |  |  |  |                         |     |        |
|-------------|----|--|--|--|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| DE          | 16 | Obertraubling - Passau                 | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections und crossovers, Refurbishment of signalling, with "ETCS ready". | Shorter headways; increase in performance  | Qualitative             | Yes | Dec-26 |
| CZ          | 6  | Border point Horní Lideč - Vsetín      | Traction power system conversion   | Shortening of the electrical interval  | Train characteristic    | Yes | Dec-26 |
| AT          | 11 | Mixnitz-Bärenschützklamm               | Station refurbishment  | Increase of station capacity and extension of tracks for 750m freight trains   | Train characteristics   | Yes | Dec-26 |
| AT          | 12 | Pottendorf Line, Wampersdorf–Ebenfurth | Raise speed up to 160 km/h, station refurbishments   | Increase of capacity, new high performance line between Vienna and Wiener Neustadt   | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-26 |
| IT          | 12 | Settimo T. - Chivasso - B. Castelrosso | New interlocking   | 4' headway, increase in flexibility  | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-26 |
| IT          | 13 | Chivasso                               | New interlocking and 750 m track   | Adaption to TSI and increase in flexibility  | Operational improvement | Yes | Jan-26 |
| IT          | 14 | Milano Porta Garibaldi                 | New interlocking and track layout  | Increase in capacity and flexibility   | Quantitative            | Yes | Jun-26 |
| IT          | 15 | Brescia Est - Verona Ovest             | New High Speed / High Capacity 2-tracks line   | Increase in capacity, running times reduction  | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-26 |
| IT          | 16 | Bretella di Riga                       | New 1-track link   | Direct southward connection from the Pusteria Valley line to the Brenner line  | Operational improvement | Yes | 2026   |
| IT          | 17 | Venezia Airport link                   | New 2-tracks line  | New link branching from the Venezia - Trieste line   | Quantitative            | Yes | 2026   |
| IT          | 18 | Portogruaro - Ronchi d.L. Sud          | New interlocking   | 5' headway, increase in regularity   | Quantitative            | Yes | Apr-26 |
| IT          | 19 | Venezia Mestre - Ronchi d.L. Sud       | Infrastructural enhancement  | Speed limitations for heavy trains removal   | Operational improvement | Yes | 2026   |
| IT          | 20 | S. Giorgio di Nogaro                   | 750 m passing tracks   | Adaptation to TSI  | Train characteristics   | Yes | Apr-26 |
| IT          | 21 | Cervignano Smistamento                 | New interlocking   | Possibility of 750 m through trains  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2026   |
| IT          | 22 | Villa Opicina                          | New interlocking and 750 m tracks  | Adaption to TSI and increase in flexibility  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2026   |
| <b>2027</b> |    |  |  |  |                         |     |        |
| NL          | 18 | Haanrade                               | Making switches operable for central control   | Faster handling of freight trains from/to Haanrade possible. Shorter occupation times for section Landgraaf - Herzogenrath | Operational improvement | Yes | Feb-27 |

|    |    |                              |   |   |  |     |        |
|----|----|------------------------------|---|---|--|-----|--------|
| NL | 19 | Leeuwarden - Harlingen Haven | New interlocking with ETCS  | Safety enhancement  | Train characteristics                  | Yes | Apr-27 |
| NL | 20 | Tilburg – Breda              | Adjustments layout and fourth platform track Tilburg. Remove switches Gilze-Rijen. Adjustment signalling Tilburg - Breda  | Higher platform capacity and shorter headway times  | Quantitative                           | Yes | Jul-27 |
| NL | 21 | Almelo - Mariënberg          | Electrification of line   | Making electric trains possible, shorter running times  | Quantitative and train characteristics | Yes | Oct-27 |
| NL | 22 | Leeuwarden - Stavoren        | New interlocking with ETCS  | Safety enhancement  | Train characteristics                  | Yes | Nov-27 |
| NL | 23 | Onnen - Groningen Vork       | Electrification of 740m track on Onnen and electrification of 3rd track Onnen - Groningen Vork. Adjustments layout Onnen and Onnen Noord  | Making electric freight trains of 740m possible. Additional simultaneity of electric passenger rolling stock from Onnen to Groningen        | Train characteristics                  | Yes | Dec-27 |
| NL | 24 | Rotterdam Noord Goederen     | New stabling yard for passenger trains, realize passing track for 740m long freight trains  | Extra capacity for stabling of passenger rolling stock, enable 740m long freight trains on corridor Kijfhoek – Bentheim / Amsterdam / Onnen | Train characteristics                  | Yes | Dec-27 |
| NL | 25 | Maasvlakte                   | New railway yard Maasvlakte Zuid, construction of first set of 6 tracks for 740m long freight trains  | Capacity for more freight trains to/from Maasvlakte   | Quantitative                           | Yes | Q4-27  |
| NL | 26 | Nijmegen - Venlo - Roermond  | Electrification of line, longer double track sections and increase of speed   | Making electric trains possible, shorter running times, higher capacity. Note; this line has ATB-NG-signalling                              | Qualitative and train characteristics  | Yes | Dec-27 |
| DE | 17 | Frankfurt – Heidelberg       | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections und crossovers; refurbishment of signalling with ETCS L2mS and increased number of blocks after general refurbishment (additionally PZB) | Increase in performance   | Qualitative                            | Yes | Jul-27 |
| DE | 18 | Rosenheim – Salzburg         | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections und crossovers; refurbishment of signalling with ETCS L2mS and increased number of blocks after general refurbishment (additionally PZB) | Increase in performance   | Qualitative                            | Yes | Jul-27 |
| DE | 19 | Dresden Hbf                  | Flying junction Dresden: New signals and tracks   | More flexibility in running trains; Increase in max. speed at Dresden Hbf   | Operational improvement                | Yes | Dec-27 |

|    |    |                               |   |   |                         |     |        |
|----|----|-------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| DE | 20 | Müllheim-Schliengen           | ABS/NBS Karlsruhe - Basel: New tracks between Müllheim-Schliengen   | Speed increase to 250 km/h, capacity expansion to 4 tracks                      | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-27 |
| DE | 21 | Haltingen-Basel Bad Bf        | ABS/NBS Karlsruhe - Basel: New tracks between Haltingen-Basel Bad Bf  | Speed increase to 160 km/h, capacity expansion to 4 tracks                      | Quantitative            | Yes | Dec-27 |
| DE | 22 | Bremerhaven – Berlin          | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections and crossovers; refurbishment of signalling with ETCS L2mS and increased number of blocks after general refurbishment (additionally PZB)                                   | Increase in performance   | Qualitative             | Yes | Dec-27 |
| DE | 23 | Lehrte – Berlin               | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections and crossovers, Refurbishment of signalling, with "ETCS ready" and increased number of blocks after general refurbishment (additionally PZB)                               | Increase in performance   | Qualitative             | Yes | Dec-27 |
| DE | 24 | Lübeck – Hamburg              | General refurbishment of the connection to the Fehmarnbelt link Hamburg - Luebeck with implementation of new switch connections and crossovers; implementation of ETCS L2mS and increased number of blocks after general refurbishment (additionally PZB) | Increase in performance   | Qualitative             | Yes | Dec-27 |
| CZ | 7  | Lipník nad Bečvou - Drahotuše | Complete modernisation of the railway line.   | More flexibility in traffic management and increased stability of the timetable | Operational improvement | Yes | Mar-27 |
| CZ | 8  | Valašské Meziříčí             | Platform modernisation in the railway station.  | Extension of platforms  | Train characteristic    | Yes | Sep-27 |
| CZ | 9  | Nedakonice                    | Increasing the power of the traction power station  | Shortening of the electrical interval   | Train characteristic    | Yes | Dec-27 |
| IT | 23 | Torino Orbassano              | New interlocking  | Increase in capacity and flexibility  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2027   |
| IT | 24 | Chivasso                      | Further 750 m track   | Increase in 750 m trains admitted   | Operational improvement | Yes | 2027   |
| IT | 25 | Milano Certosa                | New interlocking and 750 m passing tracks   | Adaptation to TSI; increase in flexibility.                                     | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2027   |
| IT | 26 | Trento Belt Line              | New 2-tracks line   | New freight line shunting Trento  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2027   |
| IT | 27 | Verona Quadrante Europa       | New interlocking  | Increase in flexibility and regularity  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2027   |
| IT | 28 | Verona Porta Nuova            | New interlocking and track layout   | Increase in capacity and flexibility, faster routes                             | Quantitative            | Yes | 2027   |

|             |    |   |  |   |                         |     |        |
|-------------|----|---|--|---|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| IT          | 29 | Verona P.V. - B. Vicenza                | New High Speed / High Capacity 2-tracks line   | Increase in capacity, running times reduction   | Quantitative            | Yes | 2027   |
| IT          | 30 | Venezia Mestre - Portogruaro            | New interlocking   | 5' headway, increase in regularity  | Quantitative            | Yes | 2027   |
| IT          | 31 | Udine - Ronchi d.L. Nord                | Technological upgrade  | Increase in capacity  | Quantitative            | Yes | 2027   |
| IT          | 32 | S.Giovanni Nat. and Cormons             | 750 m passing tracks   | Adaptation to TSI; 750 m trains admitted on the Udine - Trieste line  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2027   |
| IT          | 33 | Gorizia direct link                     | New 1-track link   | Direct southward route from Slovenia  | Operational improvement | Yes | 2027   |
| IT          | 34 | Bivio d'Aurisina - Villa Opicina        | Technological upgrade  | Increase in capacity  | Quantitative            | Yes | 2027   |
| LU          | 2  | Luxembourg - Bettembourg                | Construction of a new line, additional platforms in Howald, trach reorganisation   | Traffic segregation (national / international to France)  | Operational improvement | Yes | 2027   |
| <b>2028</b> |    |   |  |   |                         |     |        |
| NL          | 27 | Amsterdam Aziëhaven                     | Extra track for 740m long freight trains   | Capacity for more 740m-long freight trains  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2028   |
| NL          | 28 | Merseyweg, connecting track with Botlek | Local track will be made suitable for 740m trains and adjustments to interlocking  | Capacity for more freight trains, track prepared for 740m trains. Shunting yard Botlek, to which Merseyweg connects, still has a length restriction of 700m | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2028   |
| NL          | 29 | Lage Zwaluwe                            | 2 shunting tracks for 740m long freight trains   | Higher capacity for 740m trains   | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2028   |
| NL          | 30 | Arnhem - Doetinchem                     | Track doubling from 1 to 2 tracks between Didam-Doetinchem de Huet   | Capacity for more trains between Zevenaar and Doetinchem  | Quantitative            | Yes | 2028   |
| NL          | 31 | Venlo                                   | Adjustments layout and longer platform tracks  | Stopping with longer passenger trains possible  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2028   |
| NL          | 32 | Sauwerd - Delfzijl                      | New interlocking with ETCS   | Safety enhancement  | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2028   |
| NL          | 33 | Nijmegen                                | Extra platform track, adjustments layout of track at station and stabling yard, increase of speed and adjustment of signalling | Capacity for more trains, shorter running and headway times. Higher capacity for stabling of passenger rolling stock.                                       | Quantitative            | Yes | 2028   |
| NL          | 34 | Waalhaven                               | Adjustment lay out to realize more tracks for 740m long freight trains   | Higher capacity for 740m trains   | Train characteristics   | Yes | 2028   |
| DE          | 25 | Fulda – Hanau                           | General refurbishment with additional implementation of new switch connections und crossovers, Refurbishment of signalling,    | Increase in performance   | Qualitative             | Yes | Feb-28 |

|    |      |  |  |  |  |     |      |
|----|------|--|--|--|--|-----|------|
|    |      |  | with ETCS L2mS and increased number of blocks after general refurbishment (additionally PZB) |  |  |     |      |
| FR | 1020 | Hendaye / Irun                                 | Y Basque   | Capacity increase  | 2028                                   | Yes |      |
| IT | 35   | Torino Porta Susa - Torino Porta Nuova         | New 2-tracks line  | Increase in capacity   | Quantitative                           | Yes | 2028 |
| IT | 36   | Bolzano  | New layout with 3 tracks (New Virgolo Tunnel)  | Increase in capacity   | Quantitative                           | Yes | 2028 |
| IT | 37   | Verona   | West Node  | Increase in capacity   | Quantitative                           | Yes | 2028 |
| IT | 38   | Udine ( New Cagnacco Freight Station)          | 750 m passing tracks   | Adaptation to TSI; 750 m trains admitted on the Udine - Trieste line                                     | Train characteristics                  | Yes | 2028 |
| SI | 1    | Divača- Koper                                  | Building new track   | Increase in capacity   | Quantitative                           | Yes |      |
| SI | 2    | Ljubljana rail hub                             | upgrade the railway stations and the sections between the stations                           | Removing a bottleneck at the junction of major traffic flows in transit across the Republic of Slovenia. | Quantitative and Train characteristics | Yes |      |
| SI | 3    | Croatian border – Dobova – Zidani Most section | Upgrading the stations and sections  | Modernising the traffic control centres, increasing level of traffic safety                              | Quantitative and Train characteristics | Yes |      |
| SI | 4    | Ljubljana- Sežana                              | Technological upgrade  | Increase in capacity   | Quantitative                           | Yes |      |
| SI | 5    | Zidani Most -Maribor                           | Technological upgrade  | Modernising the traffic control centres, increasing level of traffic safety                              | Quantitative                           | Yes |      |

**Table 1: List of pilot-relevant infrastructure projects with positive capacity effects expected active by TT2028**

## 1.2 Reduced Available Capacity

| <b>Reduced Available Capacity</b><br><b>All listed projects have been approved by IM Management</b> |    |                 |  |                               |                        |
|---|----|-----------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Country   | ID | Network segment | Description  | Estimated effects on capacity | Capacity reduced since |
| <b>2025</b>   |    |                 |  |                               |                        |
| NL  | 1  | Kijfhoek        | Renewal of hump yard, whereby 2 of the 43 shunting tracks will be removed due to realization of calamity roads | Quantitative                  | Apr-25                 |
| NL  | 2  | Nunspeet        | Removal of switches, passing track in the middle becomes dead-end track  | Operational restrictions      | Jul-25                 |
| SI  | 1  | Ljubljana       | Renewal main station (reduced tracks, switches)  | Operational restrictions      | Apr-25                 |
| <b>2026</b>   |    |                 |  |                               |                        |
| NL  | 3  | Rijssen         | Remove sidetrack and switches  | Operational restrictions      | <b>Jun-26</b>          |
| <b>2028</b>   |    |                 |  |                               |                        |
| NL  | 4  | Zaltbommel      | Remove passing track and switches Oud-Zaltbommel   | Operational restrictions      | <b>Mar-27</b>          |
| <b>2028</b>   |    |                 |  |                               |                        |
|   |    |                 |  |                               |                        |

Table 2: List of pilot-relevant infrastructure projects with negative capacity effects expected active by TT2028

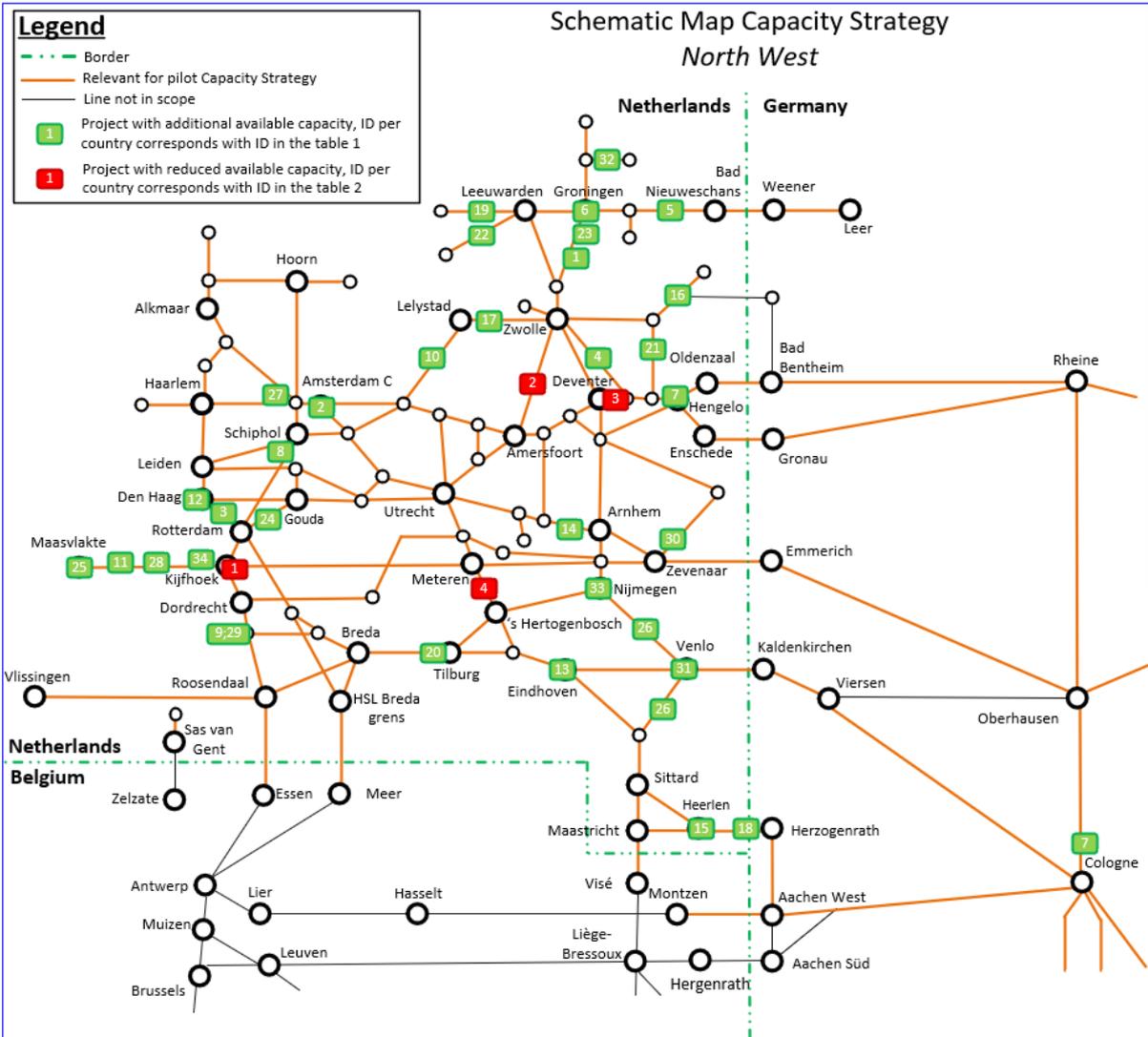


Figure 3: Schematic Map pilot Capacity Strategy. North West



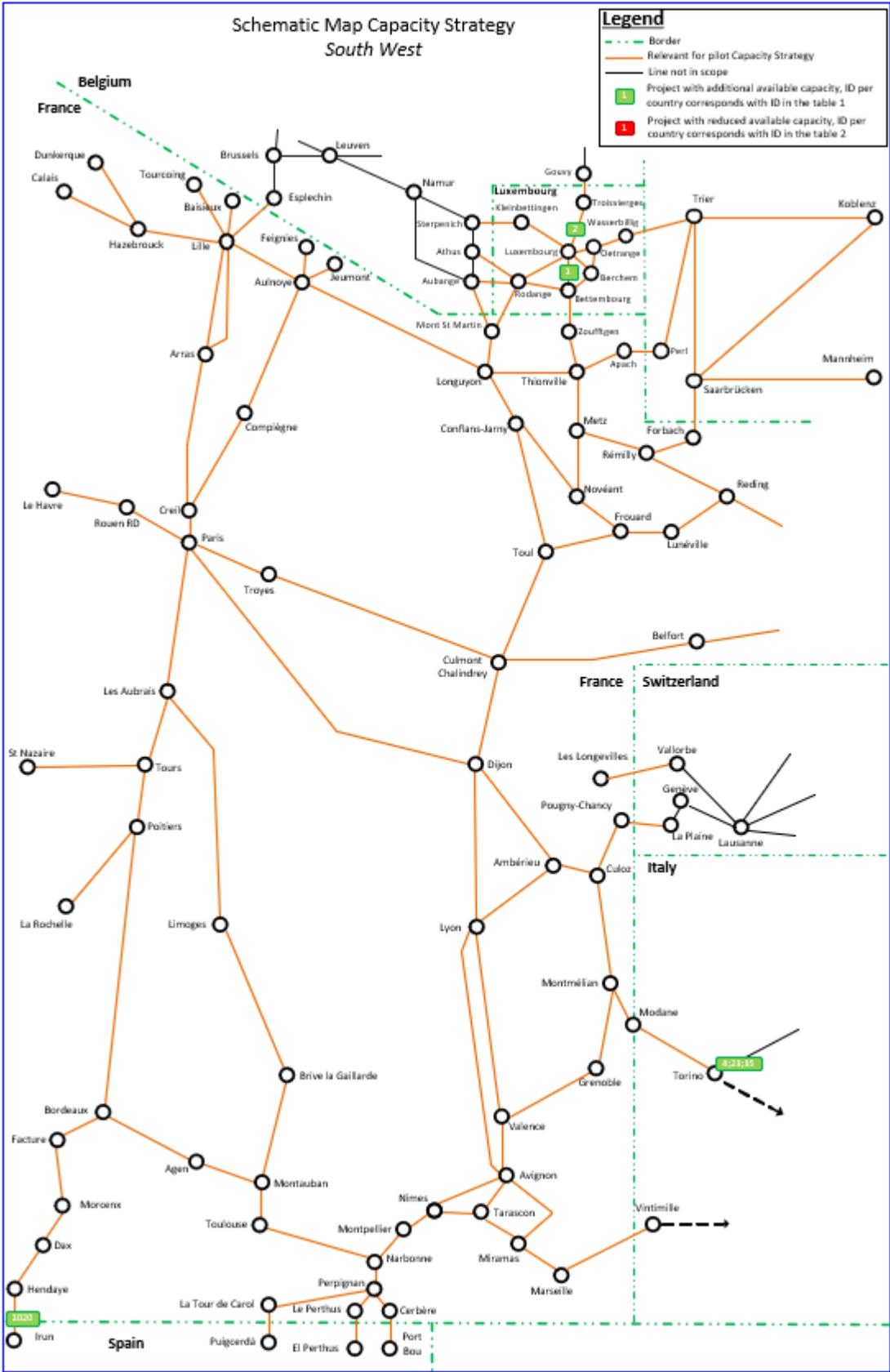


Figure 5: Schematic Map pilot Capacity Strategy. South West

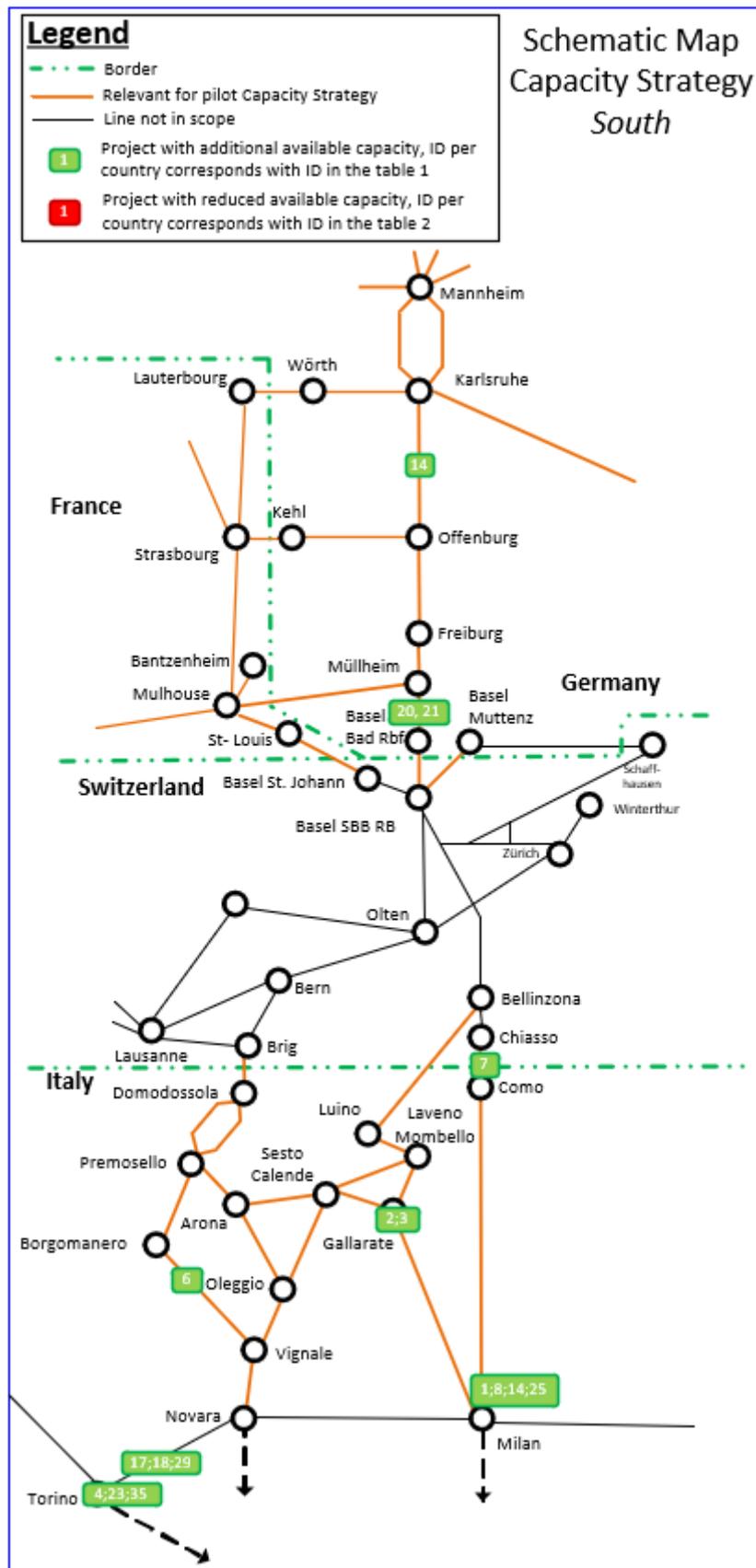


Figure 6: Schematic Map Capacity Strategy. South



## 2. Temporary Capacity Restrictions

In this chapter the principles and typology for the planning of TCRs is described in paragraph 2.1. Several aspects of TCR planning are considered. Each subparagraph contains the common denominators (the principles that are used by most or all IMs), a summarizing table and a description of national specificities where necessary.

A selection of Major TCRs is pre-announced in paragraph 2.2, anticipating the first publication at X-24.

### 2.1 Principles for TCR Planning

#### 2.1.1 Clustering of TCRs to minimize the gravity of impact and duration

##### *Common denominators*

Clustering of works geographically and timewise, with the aim of deriving a single alternative transport concept, can be an effective way to minimize the gravity of impact and/or the duration of impact of TCRs for RUs. From an IM point of view, working with multiple projects close to each other, or taking advantage of larger TCRs to organize small TCR or maintenance works is possible if it's technically possible, if works logistics are permitting and if the plannings of the individual projects have the required flexibility to plan the works simultaneously. Clustering of works is a continuous process.

|   | NL   | LU        | FR   | DE                                  | AT   | IT                                  | SI   | CZ                            |
|---|------|-----------|------|-------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Clustering is done to minimize gravity of impact  | Yes  | Yes       | Yes  | Yes                                 | Yes  | Yes                                 | Yes  | Yes                           |
| Clustering is done to minimize duration of impact | No   | Yes       | No   | Yes                                 | Yes  | No                                  | Yes  | Yes                           |
| Clustering for other reasons                      | Yes  | Yes       | Yes  | Yes                                 | No   | Yes                                 | No   | Yes                           |
| Clustering process starts at ...                  | X-28 | X-43      | X-28 | X-45                                | X-48 | X-26                                | X-14   | X-28                          |
| Pre-defined agreements with RUs on clustering     | Yes  | Partially | Yes  | No                                  | No   | No                                  | No   | Yes                           |
| Reference to network statement, where available   | -    | -         | -    | <a href="#">Richtlinie 402-0305</a> | -    | page 113<br>PIR2025<br>ed.mar2<br>4 | <a href="#">NETWORK STATEMENT - Infrastruktura (sz.si)</a> | <a href="#">Chapter 2.5.1</a> |

## 2.1.2 Description of connected areas where TCRs due to shortage of capacity shall not be planned simultaneously

### **Common denominators**

To avoid an (extra) shortage of capacity during TCRs, IMs can define areas where TCRs shall not be planned simultaneously. That includes deviation routes. IMs have several approaches of defining and handling deviation routes:

1. A “Corridorbook” like approach, with pre-defined deviation route(s) which need to be applied if a certain line is closed
2. A “Corridorbook” like approach, with multiple pre-defined deviation routes per line, of which at least one needs to be open
3. No pre-defined deviation routes are described or agreed on, but deviation possibilities are reviewed while planning TCRs

Besides deviation routes there can be other connected areas where TCRs shall not be planned at the same moment.

|   | NL                      | LU                 | FR | DE                                  | AT | IT                              | SI   | CZ  |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------|----|-------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Pre-defined deviation routes available - fixed  | X                       |                    | X  |                                     |    | X                               | X  | X   |
| Multiple pre-defined deviation routes available – one (or more) to be left free of TCRs |                         | (X)                | X  | X                                   |    | X                               |  | X   |
| No pre-defined deviation routes described, tailor made during planning                  |                         | X                  |    |                                     | X  |                                 |  |   |
| Other reasons for not planning TCR simultaneously in connected areas                    | X                       | X                  |    |                                     |    |                                 | X  | X   |
| Major public events are considered in the planning of TCRs                              | X                       | If signalled by RU |    | X                                   |    | X                               |  | X   |
| Reference to network statement, where available   | <a href="#">4.3.2.2</a> | -                  | -  | <a href="#">Richtlinie 402-0305</a> |    | page 113<br>PIR2025<br>ed.mar24 | <a href="#">NETWORK STATEMENT - Infrastruktura (sz.si)</a> | <a href="#">Chapter 2.5.1 and Chapter 4.3</a> |

\* Tailormade solutions in addition to predefined deviation routes if needed.

### 2.1.3 Description of the periods when regular TCRs will be executed if their nature makes is possible (nights, weekends)

#### **Common denominators**

In general, TCR are planned in all countries on periods with a reduced traffic to minimize their impact on passengers: during (extended) nights, weekends, school holidays or in summer (marked in blue in the table below). However, some IMs don't necessary distinguish the periods by traffic intensity and can also plan during daytime or at workdays. Because of the intensification of construction and maintenance activities, IMs can be obliged to spread more equally the TCR to preserve costs and resources. All the exceptions observed in the working group are described in the paragraph "National specificities".

Periods when regular TCRs will be executed

|  | NL* | LU | FR | DE | AT | IT | SI | CZ |
|--|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| <i>During school holidays</i>  | ★   | ★  | ☆  | ★  | ★  | ★  | ★  | ★  |
| <i>During weekends</i>   | ★   | ★  | ☆  | ★  | ★  | ☆  | ★  | ★  |
| <i>During nights</i>   | ☆   | ☆  | ☆  | ★  | ★  | ★  | ☆  | ☆  |
| <i>During summer</i>   | ☆   | ★  | ☆  | ☆  | ☆  | ★  | ★  | ☆  |
| <i>During extended nights if technically necessary or economically justified</i>                     | ☆   | ☆  | ☆  | ★  | ★  | ☆  | ⊗  | ☆  |
| <i>During daytime</i>  | ☆   | ⊗  | ☆  | ☆  | ☆  | ☆  | ☆  | ⊗  |
| <i>During daytime in hours with less traffic demand</i>  | ⊗   | ⊗  | ☆  | ☆  | ☆  | ☆  | ★  | ★  |
| <i>Period depending on a rational assessment between impact on traffic and costs</i>                 | ☆   | ☆  | ⊗  | ☆  | ☆  | ☆  | ☆  | ★  |
| <i>More equally spread over all days of the year, because of a feasible planning for contractors</i> | ☆   | ⊗  | ⊗  | ☆  | ☆  | ⊗  | ☆  | ★  |

|  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| <i>Reference to network statement, where available</i> | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

★ favoured option; ☆ alternative option; ⊗ exceptional or impossible option

\* See national specificities (section 2.1.8 of this document)

## 2.1.4 Description of the periods when TCR windows will be planned (nights, weekends)

### *Common denominators*

The maintenance of the infrastructure is repetitive in nature. Every asset must be maintained regularly. Planning can be based on this regularity and does not have to start from scratch every time. By elaborating a regular planning with blocked capacity, maintenance can be facilitated, which will positively affect the availability of the infrastructure.

Tying the planning of maintenance to a recurring principle of TCR Windows also means that less effort is required to create the planning. This will make the planning process more efficient.

|  | NL*          | LU | FR           | DE                      | AT      | IT     | SI                | CZ |
|--|--------------|----|--------------|-------------------------|---------|--------|-------------------|----|
| Types of TCR windows: recurring all year                         | Yes          | No | Yes          | Yes                     | Yes     | Yes    | Yes               | No |
| Types of TCR windows: recurring during a limited number of weeks | No           | No | No           | No, only few exceptions | Yes     | No     | No                | No |
| Typical duration of TCR windows [hours]                          | 4            | -  | 6            | 8 (outside nodes)       | 4 - 6   | 4      | 6 - 9             | -  |
| Typical cycle time of recurring TCR Windows                      | Weekly (90%) | -  | Weekly (90%) | Every four weeks        | monthly | Weekly | Every second week | -  |
| Number of windows per cycle per location                         | 2 - 4        | -  | 2 - 4        | 1                       | 4 - 6   | 2 - 7  | 2 - 4             | -  |

|  | NL*                           | LU | FR                   | DE   | AT                      | IT                            | SI  | CZ |
|--|-------------------------------|----|----------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----|
| Typical impact                                   | Total closure (90%)           | -  | Single-track closure | Single track closure on double track lines,<br><br>Total closure on single track lines | Total closure           | Total or single-track closure | Total closure on single track lines,<br><br>one track closure on double track lines | -  |
| Time-positioning of TCR windows                  | Night (90%)                   | -  | Night (90%)          | Night (100%) - Maintenance Container only  | Night                   | Night or day                  | Day   | -  |
| Days of the week                                 | All, except Fri/Sat night     | -  | All                  | All, except Sun night  | All, depend on the line | Depending on the line         | Weekend, Mon  | -  |
| Lines covered by TCR Windows                     | 100%                          | -  | 100%                 | 65%  | 5%                      | 100%                          | 30%   | -  |
| TCR windows at stations and yards                | 100%                          | -  | 100%                 | Yes, for big nodes   | no                      | 0%                            | 50%   | -  |
| TCR windows are released if not used at ... days | x-12 (freight corridors x-21) | -  | Week-5               | -  | x-6                     | 30 days                       | x-14  | -  |
| TCR Windows can be used for small maintenance    | Yes                           | -  | Yes                  | Yes  | Yes                     | Yes                           | Yes   | -  |
| TCR Windows can be used by other projects        | Yes                           | -  | Yes                  | Yes  | Yes                     | Yes                           | Yes   | -  |

|   | NL*                       | LU | FR        | DE                                    | AT  | IT                        | SI   | CZ |
|---|---------------------------|----|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------|--|----|
| Safeguarding of alternative routes for freight, long-distance passenger services, and/or night train services in TCR Window model | Yes                       | -  | Yes       | Yes among maintenance windows         | Yes | Yes                       | Yes  | -  |
| Cancellation of TCR Windows on deviation routes of regular TCRs   | Yes                       | -  | Yes       | Generally no, but exceptions possible | Yes | Yes*                      | Yes  | -  |
| In annual timetable (no replanning of trains needed in later phases)  | Yes (weekly windows only) | -  | Yes       | No                                    | No  | Yes                       | No   | -  |
| Works can be planned in the allocated TCR Windows without further consultation of RUs or coordination with neighboring IMs        | Yes                       | -  | Yes       | Yes                                   | Yes | Yes                       | Yes  | -  |
| Reference to network statement, where available   | <a href="#">4.3.2.1</a>   | -  | DRR 4.5.3 | <a href="#">Richtlinie 402-0305</a>   | -   | page 112 PIR2025 ed.mar24 | <a href="#">NETWORK STATEMENT - Infrastruktura (sz.si)</a> | -  |

\* See national specificities (section 2.1.8 of this document)

\*\* In specific cases (e.g. night Sat/Sun and Sun/Mon) alternative routes are not available. Due to total closure on both axis in the context of the minor demand.

## 2.1.5 Description Of How The TCR Allocation Process Will Look Like, How The Coordination And Consultation Will Be Ensured

### **Consultation level**

The market is consulted on the TCR Planning in all involved countries. Market consultations take place at a minimum of 1 level and a maximum of 5 levels.

Most countries do the consultation of all aspects of the TCRs in the same meeting; some make a distinction between discussing TCR scenario's (number of TCRs, duration, affected tracks) and the TCR planning including deviation routes.

| Consultation level                              | NL  | LU                    | FR           | DE                                  | AT | IT                              | SI   | CZ                                   |
|---|---|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Project   | S   | S                     | S            |                                     | S  |                                 | S  |                                      |
| Regional  | S   | X                     | X            | X                                   | S  | X                               | X  | X                                    |
| Corridor  |   | X                     | S            |                                     | P  | P                               |  |                                      |
| National  | P   | X                     | X            | X                                   | X  | X                               | P  | X                                    |
| International                                   | P   | X                     | S            | X                                   | P  | P                               | S  | X                                    |
| Reference to network statement, where available | <a href="#">4.3.1b</a><br><a href="#">4.3.2.2</a> | <a href="#">4.3.4</a> | DRR<br>4.5.3 | <a href="#">Richtlinie 402-0305</a> |    | page 112<br>PIR2025<br>ed.mar24 | <a href="#">NETWORK STATEMENT - Infrastruktura (sz.si)</a> | <a href="#">Chapter 4.3, Annex S</a> |

X = all aspects of TCR planning (S+P)

S = TCR scenario's/alternatives of individual TCRs

P = TCR planning only (scheduling, re-routing)

### **Start of the consultations**

In all countries RUs are consulted before each publication at X-24, X-12 and X-4. Although the publication moments of TCRs are harmonized by Annex VII, the consultation periods or moments have some slight differences from country to country, as expressed in the table below:

| Start of the consultation | NL   | LU                      | FR   | DE                      | AT   | IT             | SI   | CZ   |
|---------------------------|------|-------------------------|------|-------------------------|------|----------------|------|------|
| For the X-24 publication  | X-27 | X-40 (n-4) & X-27 (n-3) | X-26 | X-40 (n-4) & X-27 (n-3) | -    | X-26           | -    | X-26 |
| For the X-12 publication  | X-17 | X-18                    | X-18 | X-18                    | X-18 | X-19 to X-13.5 | X-15 | X-18 |

|   |      |     |           |                                     |     |                           |   |                         |
|---|------|-----|-----------|-------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| For the X-4 publication                         | X-17 | X-5 | X-12      | X-6,5                               | X-6 | X-6                       | X-6   | X-5                     |
| Reference to network statement, where available | -    | -   | DRR 4.5.3 | <a href="#">Richtlinie 402-0305</a> |     | page 112 PIR2025 ed.mar24 | <a href="#">NETWORK STATEMENT - NT - Infrastruktura (sz.si)</a> | <a href="#">Annex S</a> |

### **Number of consultation meetings per phase**

Some IMs have concentrated their consultation for every phase in one or two meetings per year. Other countries have periodical meetings throughout the consultation phase or even continuous meetings throughout the year.

| Number of consultation meetings per phase       | NL                      | LU  | FR        | DE                                  | AT | IT                        | SI   | CZ |
|---|-------------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------------------------|----|---------------------------|--|----|
| One or two meetings                             |                         | X * |           |                                     |    | X                         | X  |    |
| Periodical meetings during consultation         |                         |     | X         | X                                   |    |                           |  | X  |
| Continuous meetings between IM and RU           | X                       |     |           |                                     | X  |                           |  |    |
| Reference to network statement, where available | <a href="#">4.3.2.2</a> | -   | DRR 4.5.3 | <a href="#">Richtlinie 402-0305</a> |    | page 112 PIR2025 ed.mar24 | <a href="#">NETWORK STATEMENT - Infrastruktura (sz.si)</a> |    |

\* if needed for further consultation

### **How and until when the applicants can ask for two alternatives concerning major impact TCRs**

Applicants can request a comparison of the conditions to be encountered under at least two alternatives of capacity restrictions with regards to major Impact TCRs. The highest flexibility to check for alternatives is in the first consultation phase. Some IM do not have a fixed deadline by which the alternative scenario must be requested. Some IM also offer the possibility to carry out alternative scenarios for high and medium TCR.

|   | NL | LU | FR        | DE                                  | AT | IT | SI | CZ      |
|---|----|----|-----------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|---------|
| Ultimate moment for alternative TCR scenario    | *  | *  | X-12      | X-28                                | *  | *  | *  | anytime |
| Reference to network statement, where available | -  | -  | DRR 4.5.3 | <a href="#">Richtlinie 402-0305</a> |    | .  |    |         |

\* Alternative scenarios can be requested during the whole consultation phase, no fixed deadline.

## 2.1.6 International Coordination

### 2.1.6.1 General principles

All IMs coordinate their TCRs in order to synchronize as much as possible their TCRs on both sides of a border point and to ensure that deviation routes are available. Coordination can be done bilaterally from IM to IM or in a group of IMs, especially when lines or deviation routes impact multiple countries.

With the Brenner Group as an example and DB InfraGO as a booster, several groups have introduced a “2-days approach”. This means that twice a year RUs are invited to the regular coordination meetings of IMs, which are extended with an extra day: IMs do their normal coordination on the first day and discuss the results with RU’s on the second day.

Several IM groups use a harmonized Gantt chart for sharing and coordinating their TCRs. A similar chart will be implemented in the TCR Tool and will probably replace current versions shortly.

|  |  |   |   |                   |   |                         |                         |  |  |                    |                                     |   |  |                         |
|--|--|---|---|-------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|
|  | Infrabel – ACF/ CFL – DB InfraGO – SNCF Réseau – SBB (“ RAN Group” ) | DB InfraGO – ÖBB Infrastruktur – RFI („Brenner Group” ) | Infrabel – ProRail – DB InfraGO („BeNeDe Group” ) | RFI – SNCF Réseau | DB InfraGO – SBB Infrastruktur („Rhine Valley Rail” -Group) | RFI – SZ-Infrastruktura | ÖBB – SZ-Infrastruktura | DB InfraGO – Správa železnic (“ Elbe valley group” ) | DB InfraGO – Scandinavia (“ TCR ScanMed North” ) | SNCF Réseau - ADIF | DB InfraGO - SBB-nfrastruktur - RFI | DB InfraGO – PKP PLK (“ Oder-Neiße Group – Grupa Odra-Nysa” ) | DB InfraGO – ÖBB Infrastruktur („Danube Group” ) | RFI –S BB Infrastruktur |
| Number of IMs involved                                       | 5  | 3   | 3   | 2                 | 2   | 2                       | 2                       | 2  | 4  | 2                  | 3                                   | 2   | 2  | 2                       |
| Synchronisation of TCRs on both sides of a border point      | Yes  | Yes   | Yes   | Yes               | Yes   | Yes                     | Yes                     | Yes  | Yes  | Yes                | Yes                                 | Yes   | Yes  | Yes                     |
| Deviation routes safeguarded                                 | Yes  | Yes   | Yes   | Yes               | Yes   |                         | Yes                     | Yes  | Yes  | Yes                | Yes                                 | Yes   | Yes  | Yes                     |
| Capacities available and needed for re-routing are discussed | No   | Yes   | No  | Yes               | Yes   | No                      | Yes                     | Yes  | Yes  | Yes                | Yes                                 | No  | Yes  | No                      |
| 2-days approach (2 <sup>nd</sup> day with RUs)               | Yes  | Yes   | Yes   | Yes               | Yes   | No                      | No                      | Yes  | Yes  | Yes                | No                                  | Yes   | Yes  | Yes                     |
| Standardized Gantt Chart is used                             | Excel chart  | No (Excel file)   | Yes   | No (Excel file)   | Yes   | No (Excel file)         | No (Excel table)        | No (Maps used)                                       | Yes  | No                 | Yes                                 | Yes   | Yes  | No                      |
| Timetable years in coordination in May 2025                  | 26 - 28  | 25 - 28   | 25- 28  | 25, 26, 27        | 25 - 28   | 25, 26                  | 25, 26                  | 25 - 28 (28 onl)                                     | 25 - 28  | 23, 24, 25         | 26 - 28                             | 26 - 28   | 25 - 27  | 25- 28                  |

|   |  |   |   |                   |   |                        |                        |  |  |                    |                                      |   |  |                         |
|---|--|---|---|-------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|
|   | Infrabel – ACF/ CFL – DB InfraGO – SNCF Réseau – SBB (“ RAN Group” ) | DB InfraGO – ÖBB Infrastruktur – RFI („Brenner Group” ) | Infrabel – ProRail – DB InfraGO („BeNeDe Group” ) | RFI – SNCF Réseau | DB InfraGO – SBB Infrastruktur („Rhine Valley Rail“ -Group) | RFI – SZ-Infrastruktur | ÖBB – SZ-Infrastruktur | DB InfraGO – Správa železnic (“ Elbe valley group” ) | DB InfraGO – Scandinavia (“ TCR ScanMed North” ) | SNCF Réseau - ADIF | DB InfraGO - SBB-Infrastruktur - RFI | DB InfraGO – PKP PLK (“ Oder-Neiße Group – Grupa Odra-Nysa” ) | DB InfraGO – ÖBB Infrastruktur („Danube Group” ) | RFI –S BB Infrastruktur |
|   |  |   |   |                   |   |                        |                        | Y<br>DE)   |  |                    |                                      |   |  |                         |
| Frequency of IM-IM meetings [number per year] | 4  | Min. 3  | 6   | 6                 | 4   | 4                      | 1                      | 2  | 2  | 2                  | 3                                    | 2   | 5 - 6  | 5                       |

### 2.1.6.2 Specificities per coordination group of IMs

#### **Infrabel – ProRail – DB InfraGO („BeNeDe Group“)**

During bimonthly meetings, the trilateral TCR-planning focuses on the coordination of TCRs among Infrabel, ProRail and DB InfraGO two timetables ahead. The planning of TCRs is synchronized and one or multiple deviation routes, based on historical experience, are safeguarded to provide sufficient rerouting capacity. Starting in September 2022, the two-day model including the joint presentation to RUs has been introduced and continues taking place twice a year, approximately at X-26, followed by an update at X-19 and X-14 accordingly.

#### **DB InfraGO – SBB Infrastruktur („Rhine Valley Rail“-Group)**

Bilateral coordination of TCRs has so far taken place as part of the regular TCR planning processes two to three years ahead, depending on the TCRs at stake. The Annex VII-target approach for international coordination and consultation includes TCR-bundling, cross-border overview of diversionary lines, estimation of required deviation capacity and estimation of remaining capacity.

Starting in May 2023, the two-day model including the joint presentation to RUs has been introduced and continues taking place twice a year, approximately at X-30, followed by an update at X-25, X-18 and X-13 accordingly. and thus covers the envisaged coordination rhythm fully.

From September 2024, the two IMs will introduce additional coordination meetings at X-27, X-22, X-15 among themselves to coordinate the respective intermediate statuses between the major milestones according to the two-day model.

### **SBB Infrastruktur – RFI – DB InfraGO**

Periodical tri-lateral meetings are held to detail TCR harmonization and capacity coordination. In addition, there is a periodical meeting between the territorial TCRs managers from SBB-I & RFI & DB InfraGO.

### **DB InfraGO – ÖBB Infrastruktur – RFI („Brenner Group“)**

TCR-coordination and exchange with customers on the Brenner corridor has been up and running for over ten years, and addresses TCRs to three years ahead, depending on the TCRs at stake, as well as short term information matters whenever deemed appropriate.

It is structured in three meetings, in February/March, June and November, during which a first part (“Day 1”) dedicated to coordination with neighbouring IMs takes place and is followed by a second part (“Day 2”) in the June and November/December editions. That day is open to applicants and all interested parties. In this area, the GANTT-Chart has not been introduced considering that another, well established Excel-based overview had previously been used. This overview will continue to be used until the TCR-Tool can be used.

### **DB InfraGO – ÖBB Infrastruktur („Danube Group“)**

DB InfraGO and ÖBB- Infrastruktur have been coordinating their TCR on further lines and jointly border points, as those being in focus within the Brenner-Group, every two months within so called “SoFaZo” format. For the first time, this has been extended with the 27th June 2024 as “Day 2” being open to customers and all interested parties, with focus on TCR for Timetables 2025 and 2026.

This exchange is planned to take place twice a year - approximately in June and October, in a standardised format. The well established Excel-based overview from the Benner-Group is used here as well.

### **Infrabel – ACF/ CFL – DB InfraGO – SNCF Réseau – SBB Infrastruktur (RAN Group = Rhine-Ardennes-North Sea Group)**

Between the IMs SNCF Reseau, DB InfraGO, Infrabel, ACF / CFL and SBB I, pre-coordination start at X 33, followed by an update at X-30, X-27, X-21, X-18 and X-15 accordingly.

Starting in November 2023, the two-day model including the joint presentation to RUs has been introduced and will continue taking place every year approximately at X-25

The coordination via the established multilateral working group covers all TCRs impacting the borders (freight and passenger combined).

To determine where TCRs must be located on the network in order to reduce an impact on the neighboring network or to facilitate diversion capacity, an international perimeter has been agreed upon for the five countries concerned.

### **SŽ-Infrastruktura - ÖBB**

ÖBB Infra - SŽ-Infrastruktura continuously coordinate the TCRs with effects on the other neighbouring network. The focus is on the period X-12 to X+12. The exchange takes place mainly via email. If necessary, meetings are organized.

### **DB InfraGO – SZCZ**

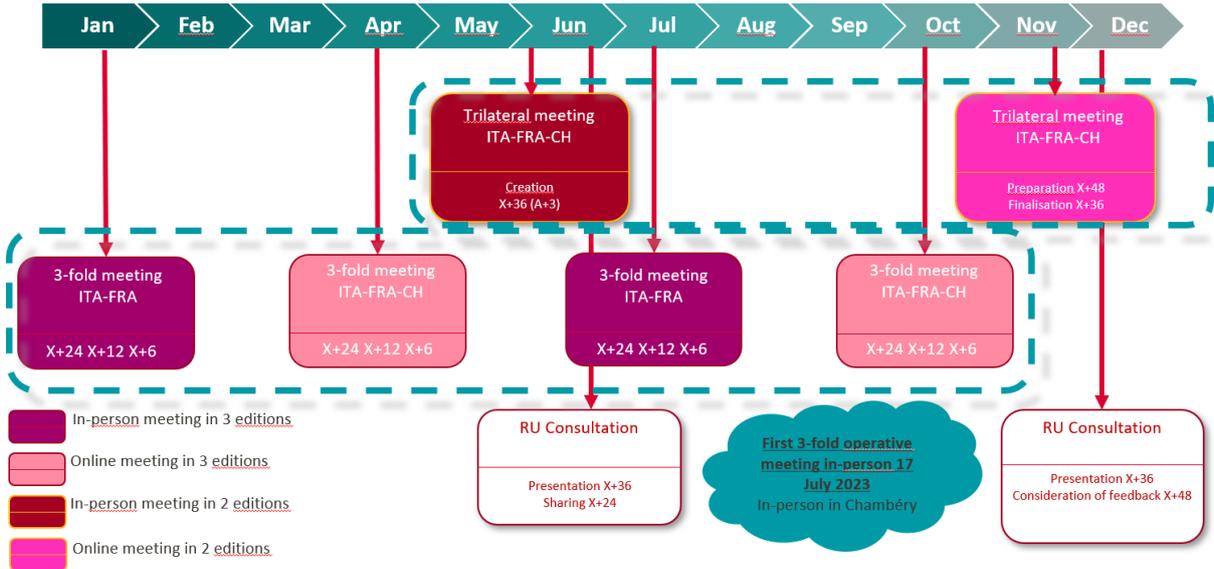
DB InfraGO and Správa železnic coordinate their TCRs twice per year - approximately in May/June and October/November in a standardised format.

The 2-day exchange during May 2024 focused on milestone X-19 (TT26). In addition, DB InfraGO presented the planning status of TCRs regarding milestone X-31 (TT27). The Applicants were kindly asked to raise questions and remarks regarding the planning status.

It is targeted, that autumn coordination in 2023 will cover the milestones X-13,5 (TT26) and X 27 (TT27) and if available X-39 (TT28).

Geographic Maps in PowerPoint are used as a coordination template here.

**SNCF Réseau – SBB – RFI**



## 2.1.7 Description Of Currently Existing (National, Bi-, Trilateral) Escalation Process(Es) In Case Of Disagreement Of The Involved Stakeholders

### **Common denominators**

None of the IMs have agreed on a pre-defined TCR related escalation process with one or more of their neighbour-IMs.

For most IMs escalation in case of disagreement of involved stakeholders takes place within the regular national processes.

|   | NL                    | LU  | DE  | AT              | IT | SI | CZ  |
|---|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|----|----|-----|
| Pre-defined international IM-IM escalation      | No                    | No  | No  | No              | No | No | No  |
| National escalation process IM-RU               | Yes                   | Yes | Yes | Yes             | No | No | Yes |
| Reference to network statement, where available | <a href="#">4.5.5</a> | -   |     | 2.5.1 and 4.2.4 | .  |    |     |

## 2.1.8 National Specificities

### **ProRail**

Due to a larger number of projects, limited availability of technically skilled personnel at our contractors as well as financial limitations, ProRail is likely to reconsider the planning principles for both TCRs and TCR Windows. For TCR Windows, a project has already been started with representatives of all stakeholders. In particular the information in paragraph 2.1.3 and 2.1.4 of this document could be affected, tending to more impact of TCRs on traffic.

A planned revision of the TCR process, also to implement TTR, may affect the mentioned timelines in paragraph 2.1.5 as well as the consultation approach.

The standardised deviation routes and other planning principles are part of the Corridor book, which is available for applicants through the ProRail [Logistics Portal](#) (folder "Corridorboeken"). Note that the linked folder requires authentication in Sharepoint. Applicants can request access via the process outlined at <https://www.spoordata.nl/nieuws/het-logistiek-portaal> in case of interest. The ProRail Network Statement can be found [here](#).

### **SNCF Réseau**

The process of allocation capacities is based on fragmentation, depending on the timetable : a site is divided into windows. A major TCR at X-24 can thus have as a result several high or medium windows at X-12. In addition, the restriction can be optimized by positioning one or more TCRs in the shadow of the main site, without additional impact on traffic.

The capacities allocated for works needs are the object of "works windows" defined on sections with windows. Several types are available:

- "Regular windows" corresponding to capacity for the most common works carried out during periods of reduced commercial demand.

- "generique" 6 h usually at night
- "corrective" from Sunday night to Monday morning
- "surveillance" for maintenance 1 h during the day
- "Distorted windows" applied to a limited number of weeks and likely to have a significant impact on train paths.
  - "déformé" 8h; the pattern is based on a "generic" windows with extended hours.
  - "capacité" limited inside a station to a few tracks.
  - "Poreuse"; which literally means « go through », is SNCF-R method to avoid the total closure of a line, by working on one of the two tracks, while running the trains in batteries or sequences on the other track, either uphill or downhill. The transition from one direction to another is decided at the last moment, which makes this type of intervention an operational management. As trains are treated in the most derogatory conditions (opposite direction), the separation times are increased, as the traffic flow reduces (SNCF-R regulation AR30190). In a limited number, the paths are drawn within the range of the works, without conflict (AR30240). This additional time allows, depending on the direction given, to be able to rework the train paths without further impact (AR30190). Impact that will have already been regulated during Capacity Supply timeline.

For such operations, SNCF Réseau will base its decisions case-by-case on efforts to strike the best possible technical and economic balance, which may result in the following operational measures:

1. total stoppage of traffic for a given period on the track concerned or on both tracks, if necessary;
2. temporary speed restrictions (TSR) on the concerned track and on adjacent tracks.

### **ACF / CFL**

In Luxembourg, two levels of consultation can be distinguished:

- National consultations: all aspects of TCR planning, including TCR scenarios (number, duration, tracks) are discussed.
- International: they include the neighbouring IMs (DB InfraGO, SNCF Réseau and Infrabel) and additionally the concerned IMs by the RFC (SBB). During those meetings, only TCR schedules, date, time) are discussed. It is planned to extend the consultation to corresponding international RUs.

The consultations for the X-24 publication start at X-26 and occur until X-13 for the X-12 publication. One or two consultation meetings per phase are planned. Moreover, continuous meetings between IM and RU can be organized if needed.

### **DB InfraGO**

TCR-planning principles are described in Chapter 2.5.3 of our Network Statement (English version [here](#)).

DB InfraGO is committed to fully implementing Annex VII until Timetable 2028 and describes its yearly migration steps in the RiL 402.0305. The version applicable to Timetable 2025 can be uploaded

|   | Container - Type | Type of closure      | Duration (in months) | Intended TCR-free time after Container measure (in years) |
|---|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| High-Performance Network & Cross-regional Network | A                | Total closure        | 5                    | 5-10  |
|   | B                | Total closure        | 3                    | 4   |
|   | C                | Total closure        | 2                    | 2   |
|   | D                | Single-track closure | 5                    | 4   |
|   | E                | Single-track closure | 3                    | 2   |
|   | F                | Single-track closure | 2                    | 1   |

here (in German only). The version applicable to Timetable 2026 will be published 15<sup>th</sup> December 2024 together with the NS 2026 and will be published [here](#).

Furthermore, DB InfraGO will introduce as from Timetable 2026 a container approach for TCR-planning. As a general principle, containers have a fixed duration and are structured in two categories: Investment and Maintenance Containers.

Furthermore, the container concept aims at standardizing the use of capacity for TCR-purposes on the most requested and therefore key parts of the network. Investment Containers pursue the goal of either extending, renewing or refurbishing infrastructure capacity whereas Maintenance Containers enclose standard-keeping TCRs.

Investment Containers are of six types and all of them may apply to both the High-Performance-Network and Cross-Regional-Networks.

They are defined as follows:



**Figure 8: Route Numbering Map DB-InfraGO (High-Performance Corridor in red, Rest of Network in green) available via [www.dbinfrago.com/streckenummerkarte](http://www.dbinfrago.com/streckenummerkarte) in high-resolution**

Maintenance containers are 8-hour TCR-windows planned every 4 weeks as ESP. They are planned alternatively on in- and outbound tracks and known 12 months ahead of Timetable change.

### **ÖBB Infra**

At ÖBB Infra there is a special consultation process for complex large-scale projects, which begins before the dates given in the table and is preferably finished at X-24. Consultation on the major, high and medium TCR begins at time X-18.

At ÖBB Infra the request for an alternative TCR scenario is not strictly limited to Major TCRs. Alternatives can be requested during consultation meetings.

## **RFI**

The planning of the periodic maintenance windows (IPO) is recurring on an annual basis, but can be subject to remodulation according to significant TCRs on alternative traffic lines. Generally, no trains are planned during IPOs; in few cases related to PSO trains, special timetable arrangements are taken to manage them during one-track closures. The (IPO) maintenance windows along all the entire network are published annually in the Network Statement and can be consulted by the RUs on the RFI ePIR portal.

## **SŽ – Infrastruktura**

On single-track lines, within the framework of the maintenance windows, there is a complete interruption of traffic, while on double-track lines, one track of the double-track line is closed. Maintenance windows are not planned simultaneously on interconnected sections.

They are distributed throughout the year and last between 6 and 9 hours. Typically, maintenance windows are scheduled every second week. Most maintenance windows are scheduled during weekends when there is less passenger traffic and on Mondays when there is less freight traffic. Maintenance windows are not taken into account in the annual timetable, the train timetable is adjusted operationally.

Maintenance windows are planned for approximately 30% of the public railway infrastructure network, namely on lines with higher traffic density. On other lines, maintenance is carried out between trains.

If the individual maintenance window will not be used, the IM will cancel it 14 days before the scheduled window. Maintenance windows can also be used for other works within the project. If this requires an extension of the maintenance windows, this is not done without prior consultation with neighbouring IMs, insofar as they affect the traffic of international trains.

## **SZCZ**

In the Network Statement only are listed the major TCRs affecting traffic in "Annex S".

### **Planning and negotiation of TCRs on SŽ**

1) Long-term plans (3, 2 and 1 year ahead)

- a. DOK - Long-term capacity limitation (according to European law - 3 and 2 years ahead).
- b. RVP - Annual closure plan (according to Railway Law - 1 year ahead)

2) Medium-term plans (4, 3, 2 months ahead)

3) Short-term plans (weekly)

Long-term and medium-term plans are discussed and consulted with carriers (122), public passenger transport customers (15) and interest groups (2), all referred to as "participants".

In principle, all types of planning and coordination follow this procedure:

- Internal compilation of draft plans according to individual requirements, including CPS (foreign legal entity).
- Sending the draft plans to all participants for their comments.
- Incorporation of comments received with every effort to comply.

- Circulation of the revised plans to all participants after incorporation of comments prior to the hearing.
- Conference call with all participants.
- Incorporation of comments after the conference hearing.
- Publication of the resulting negotiated plans on the Rail Operations Portal.

Participants are notified at all stages (invitations, documents, minutes) by data mail or email.

The annual plans and subsequent amendments are approved by the Authority

### **Brief timeline of long-term plan discussions during the calendar year**

January - March - compilation of closure requests at the level of Construction Administrations and Regional Directorates. Sending the draft plan to the participants.

March - April - discussion of lockout requirements at regional level with regular participants. Resulting draft Annual Plan sent to all participants for comments as a basis for national coordination.

May - Incorporation of comments received from participants.

- Conference discussion at annual statewide meeting
- Plan update at DOK

June - Send out coordinated materials after statewide meeting for comments.

- Settlement of comments received
- Final discussion with all participants

July - Request to DOK for approval of Annual Plan.

Autumn - Publication of the Annual Plan (depending on the length of the administrative procedure).

September - Internal drafting of DOK X-24 (this year will be 2025) and update of DOK X-12 (2024).

October - Distribution of DOK X-24 and X-12 documents to all participants for comment.

November

- Incorporate comments from participants into the DOK plans and resend to all participants as a basis for consultation.
- Consultation of DOK plans with all participants.

December - Publication of DOK X-24 and X-12 by the start of the new Timetable.

### **Medium-term planning**

New requirements and changes requested to the already approved Annual Plan are coordinated and discussed on a monthly basis. Only new requests for X-4 and changes to X-3 and X-2 are discussed.

First week of the month - compilation of new requirements and changes from the Annual Plan. Send out documents for regional lockout meetings.

Second week of the month - regional lockout meetings are held.

Third week of the month - incorporation of agreed changes from regional lockout meetings and distribution of materials to all participants for monthly statewide lockout meeting(s).

Last Thursday of the month - monthly national lockout meeting is held.

First week of the following month - minutes of the monthly national lockout meeting are sent to all participants for comments.

Second week of the following month - minutes are finalized and individual requests are sent to the Authority for approval of discussed changes from the approved Annual Plan.

### **Short-term planning**

Friday - summarize weekly plans, including the addition of necessary lockouts to address known emergencies or natural disasters.

Monday and Tuesday - checking all lockouts to ensure that the appropriate lockout orders have been issued and that they coincide with the discussed scope of restrictions.

Wednesday - Issuance of the Schedule of Authorized Lockouts for the following week, which also authorizes the conduct of individual lockouts.

## **2.2 Pre-Announcement of Major Impact TCRs and Their Standard Re-Routings**

This chapter includes a pre-announcement of major impact TCRs that will affect the timetable 2028. Additionally, it provides a visualization of the TCR locations on the map and a compilation of potential re-routings for the pre-announced TCRs.

### **2.2.1 Table With Pre-Announcement of Major Impact TCRs**

A selection of TCRs with major impact on traffic is shown in Table 3. The corresponding numbers per country are shown on the maps in Figure 9 to Figure 13.

In general, the selected TCRs have impact on the timetable during an exceptional period of time and the financing of these TCRs is secured. Exceptions on these two criteria apply; please see the data in the table.

All projects listed hereunder have been approved by the respective IM's management.

The Timing of TCRs planned cannot be guaranteed and is subject to changes relating to international TCR coordination, financing and other considerations.

The below table constitutes a preview of the current state of planning. It shall be noted that the first official publication date for major TCRs is only at x-24, not x-36 when this Capacity Strategy 2028 is published.

As regards DB InfraGO the initial publication of TCRs for 2028 is planned until 1<sup>st</sup> November 2024. Those TCRs deemed relevant for this document will be added as soon as the required information is available.

| Country | Nr. | Network segment                              | Purpose  | Time of execution                    | Start (quarterly basis)              | Impact (total closure/single track operation/speed restriction)  | Impact to passenger & freight traffic[1]                      | Financing secured                    |
|---------|-----|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| AT      | 1   | Info available mid-/end October 2024         | Info available mid-/end October 2024                                 | Info available mid-/end October 2024 | Info available mid-/end October 2024 | Info available mid-/end October 2024   | Info available mid-/end October 2024                          | Info available mid-/end October 2024 |
| CZ      | 1   | Hranice na Moravě - Střelná                  | Construction of GSM-R and ETCS                                       | 03/2024 - 11/2030                    | Q1/2024                              | uncertain, expected limitations on the interlocking, speed restrictions                                      | uncertain, tentatively estimated 30-50% reduction of capacity | Yes                                  |
| CZ      | 2   | Kralupy nad Vltavou - Státní hranice Německo | Construction of ETCS   | 03/2024 - 11/2030                    | Q1/2024                              | uncertain, expected limitations on the interlocking, speed restrictions                                      | uncertain, tentatively estimated 30-50% reduction of capacity | Yes                                  |
| CZ      | 3   | Railway centre Česká Třebová                 | Complete reconstruction of the station and surrounding line sections | 12/2024 - 12/2031                    | Q4/2024                              | complete closure of the passenger station part with the lines to Třebovice v Čechách and Odb. Les, rerouting | about 30-50% reduction of capacity                            | Yes                                  |

|    |   |                               |   |                   |         |   |   |     |
|----|---|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------|---|---|-----|
|    |   |                               |   |                   |         | the passenger trains through the freight parts of the station, temporary platform in the freight group, speed reductions  |   |     |
| CZ | 4 | Otrokovice                    | Modification of the station in the context of the reconstruction of the connecting line | 01/2026 - 12/2030 | Q1/2026 | uncertain, expected reduced speed, reduced number of tracks and platforms in the station, some single track operations, total closure is expected on the line to Zlín | uncertain, expected about 30-50% capacity reduction           | Yes |
| CZ | 5 | Hulín                         | Modernisation of the station  | 01/2026 - 12/2030 | Q1/2026 | uncertain, expected reduced speed, reduced number of tracks and platforms in the station, some single track operations  | uncertain, expected about 30-50% capacity reduction           | No  |
| CZ | 6 | Říkovice - Hranice na Moravě  | Traction system change  | 05/2026 - 01/2029 | Q2/2026 | uncertain, expected limitations on the interlocking, speed restrictions, voltage disruptions  | uncertain, tentatively estimated 50% reduction of capacity    | No  |
| CZ | 7 | Praha Libeň - Praha Běchovice | Construction of out-of-level track switch on the connecting line                        | 06/2026 - 07/2029 | Q2/2026 | unsure, even group of tracks in Praha- Libeň affected, expected some speed reduction and limitations on lines to Praha-Běchovice and Praha-Malešice                   | uncertain, tentatively estimated 30-50% reduction of capacity | Yes |

|    |    |   |   |                   |         |   |  |     |
|----|----|---|---|-------------------|---------|---|--|-----|
| CZ | 8  | Děčín východ dolní nádraží                        | Modernisation of the station. Construction of platforms, extension of track length. Traction system change  | 08/2026 - 01/2029 | Q3/2026 | uncertain, expected reduced speed, reduced number of tracks in the station, some single track operations                      | uncertain, expected about 30-50% capacity reduction        | Yes |
| CZ | 9  | Litoměřice dolní nádraží - Ústí nad Labem Střekov | Modernisation of the railway line and stations. Construction of platforms, extension of track length. Construction of branching-off point. Traction system change | 11/2026 - 07/2030 | Q4/2026 | uncertain, expected reduced speed and single track operation  | uncertain, estimated about 50% capacity reduction          | Yes |
| CZ | 10 | Ústí nad Labem Střekov - Děčín východ             | Modernisation of the railway line and stations. Construction of platforms, extension of track length. Traction system change                                      | 11/2026 - 07/2029 | Q4/2026 | total closure for 6 months due to reconstruction of tunnel, single track operation, reduced speed                             | uncertain, estimated about 50-75% capacity reduction       | Yes |
| CZ | 11 | Prackovice nad Labem - Ústí nad Labem             | Modernisation of the railway line. Construction of branching-off point. Traction system change  | 11/2026 - 04/2028 | Q4/2026 | Expected single track operations from branching-off point Chvalov gradually to both directions, speed restrictions            | uncertain, tentatively estimated 50% reduction of capacity | Yes |
| CZ | 13 | Praha Běchovice - Poříčany                        | Connection of the high-speed line to the existing infrastructure in Praha Běchovice, Poříčany. Modernisation of the station Praha Běchovice                       | 12/2026 - 12/2031 | Q4/2026 | uncertain, expected reduced speed, reduced number of tracks and platforms in the station, some single/double track operations | uncertain, expected about 50% capacity reduction           | Yes |

|    |    |  |  |                   |         |   |  |     |
|----|----|--|--|-------------------|---------|---|--|-----|
| CZ | 14 | Set of buildings of the high-speed line Brodek u Přerova - Ostrava | Connection of the high-speed line to the existing infrastructure in Brodek u Přerova, Prosenice, Hranice na Moravě, Ostrava Svinov. Modernisation of station Hranice na Moravě | 12/2026 - 12/2032 | Q4/2026 | uncertain, expected reduced speed, reduced number of tracks and platforms in the station, some single track operations              | uncertain, expected about 50% capacity reduction           | Yes |
| CZ | 16 | Polom – Suchdol nad Odrou.   | Modernisation of the line, construction of branching-off point   | 02/2027 - 11/2029 | Q1/2027 | approximately 8 months of single track operation in section branching-off point Vrážné - Suchdol n. O.                              | uncertain, tentatively estimated 50% reduction of capacity | Yes |
| CZ | 17 | Rájec-Jestřebí - Skalice nad Svitavou                              | Construction of a branching-off point and a new connection in the direction of Boskovice   | 01/2027 - 12/2028 | Q1/2027 | not certain at the moment, some single track operations or speed restrictions are expected  | uncertain, expected about 50 % capacity reduction          | No  |
| CZ | 18 | Kralupy nad Vltavou - Nelahozeves                                  | Modernisation of the railway line, Construction of branching-off point.  | 01/2027 - 09/2029 | Q1/2027 | uncertain, expected single track operation from branching-off point Tunely to Kralupy fort the entire year 2028, speed restrictions | uncertain, estimated about 50-75% capacity reduction       | Yes |
| CZ | 19 | Kralupy nad Vltavou - Státní hranice Německo                       | Traction system change   | 03/2027 - 03/2029 | Q1/2027 | uncertain, expected limitations on the interlocking, speed restrictions, voltage disruptions  | uncertain, tentatively estimated 50% reduction of capacity | n/a |
| CZ | 20 | Suchol nad Odrou - Studénka  | Construction of a branching-off point and a new connection in the direction of Sedlnice  | 02/2027 - 04/2031 | Q1/2027 | not certain at the moment, some single track operations or  | uncertain, expected about 50 % capacity reduction          | Yes |

|    |    |                                      |   |                   |         |   |   |     |
|----|----|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------|---|---|-----|
|    |    |                                      |   |                   |         | speed restrictions are expected   |   |     |
| CZ | 21 | Brodek u Přerova - výhybna Dluhonice | Construction of out-of-level track switch         | 08/2027 - 10/2029 | Q3/2027 | unknown at the moment, expected reduced speed, some single track operations and some total closures preferably at night   | uncertain, estimated about 30-50% reduction                   | Yes |
| CZ | 22 | Vsetín - Valašské Meziříčí           | Modernisation of the line                         | 08/2027 - 09/2030 | Q3/2027 | approximately 9 months of single track operation in different parts (1 month Jablůnka - Val. Meziříčí; 3,5 months Jablůnka - Bystřička, track 1; 4 months Jablůnka - Bystřička. track 2), reduced number of available tracks in stations Bystřička and Jablůnka | about 50-60% reduction of capacity                            | No  |
| CZ | 23 | Hranice na Moravě - Vsetín           | Traction system change                            | 07/2027 - 12/2030 | Q3/2027 | uncertain, expected limitations on the interlocking, speed restrictions, voltage disruptions  | uncertain, tentatively estimated 50% reduction of capacity    | No  |
| CZ | 24 | Modřice - Adamov                     | Construction of ETCS                              | 07/2027 - 05/2029 | Q3/2027 | uncertain, expected limitations on the interlocking, speed restrictions   | uncertain, tentatively estimated 30-50% reduction of capacity | No  |
| CZ | 25 | Modřice - Rakvice                    | Connection of the high-speed line to the existing | 07/2027 - 05/2031 | Q3/2027 | uncertain, expected reduced speed,  | uncertain, expected about                                     | Yes |

|    |    |                        |  |                   |         |  |  |     |
|----|----|------------------------|--|-------------------|---------|--|--|-----|
|    |    |                        | infrastructure in Modřice, Šakvice.<br>Relocation of the railway line between Pouzdřany and Šakvice  |                   |         | reduced number of tracks and platforms in the station, some single track operations                                      | 50% capacity reduction                                     |     |
| CZ | 26 | Railway centre Brno    | Relocation of the passenger station to a new position, modernisation of surrounding line sections  | 01/2028 - 12/2035 | Q1/2028 | not known at the moment, but it is expected that some single track operations and/or speed restrictions will be required | unknown  | n/a |
| CZ | 27 | Railway centre Ostrava | Reconstruction of the section Ostrava-Hrušov - Ostrava-Svinov, construction of the third track of the section Ostrava-Svinov - Ostrava hl. n., construction of out-of-level track switch | 01/2028 - 12/2034 | Q1/2028 | approximately 7 months of single track operation between Ostrava-Svinov - Ostrava hl. n.                                 | uncertain, tentatively estimated 50% reduction of capacity | n/a |
| CZ | 28 | Napajedla - Otrokovice | Replacing three level crossings with a road overpass   | 03/2028 - 11/2029 | Q1/2028 | unknown at the moment, expected reduced speed, some single track operations and some total closures preferably at night  | uncertain, expected about 30-50% reduction of capacity     | n/a |
| CZ | 29 | Rohatec                | Replacing level crossing with a road overpass.   | 02/2028 - 07/2029 | Q1/2028 | unknown at the moment, expected reduced speed, some single track operations and some total closures preferably at night  | uncertain, expected about 30-50% reduction of capacity     | n/a |

|    |    |   |  |                   |         |  |  |     |
|----|----|---|--|-------------------|---------|--|--|-----|
| CZ | 30 | Mosty u Jablunkova -<br>Státní hranice SK | Repair of an unstable<br>section of the line   | 03/2028 -12/2028  | Q1/2028 | uncertain, expected<br>reduced speed and<br>single track operation   | uncertain,<br>estimated about<br>50% capacity<br>reduction   | n/a |
| CZ | 31 | Návsí - Bystřice                          | Repair of an unstable<br>section of the line   | 03/2028 -12/2029  | Q1/2028 | uncertain, expected<br>reduced speed and<br>single track operation   | uncertain,<br>estimated about<br>50% capacity<br>reduction   | n/a |
| CZ | 32 | Lovosice - Prackovice<br>nad Labem        | Modernisation of the<br>railway line.<br>Construction of<br>branching-off point.<br>Traction system change | 02/2028 - 08/2029 | Q1/2028 | unsure at this point,<br>single track operation<br>Lovosice - Prackovice<br>for construction of the<br>branching-off point Č.<br>Brána, after the<br>construction, single<br>track operations from<br>Č. Brána gradually to<br>both directions,<br>reconstruction of the<br>station Prackovice | uncertain,<br>tentatively<br>estimated 30-<br>50% reduction<br>of capacity   | Yes |
| CZ | 33 | Hranice na Moravě -<br>Polanka nad Odrou  | Traction system change   | 06/2028 - 11/2030 | Q2/2028 | uncertain, expected<br>limitations on the<br>interlocking, speed<br>restrictions, voltage<br>disruptions   | uncertain,<br>tentatively<br>estimated 50%<br>reduction of<br>capacity   | n/a |
| CZ | 34 | Suchdol nad Odrou                         | Modernisation of the<br>station, change of track<br>configuration, extension<br>of track length            | 04/2028 - 12/2029 | Q2/2028 | not certain at the<br>moment, some single<br>track operations or<br>speed restrictions are<br>expected   | uncertain, it is<br>expected that<br>the number of<br>available tracks<br>and platforms<br>will be reduced<br>during the<br>construction | n/a |

|    |    |                       |                              |                         |         |  |  |     |
|----|----|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|-----|
| CZ | 35 | Kralupy nad Vltavou   | Modernisation of the station | 06/2028 - 11/2031       | Q2/2028 | uncertain, expected reduced speed, reduced number of tracks and platforms in the station, some single track operations | uncertain, expected about 30-50% capacity reduction  | n/a |
| DE | 1  | Köln - Bonn - Koblenz | general overhaul             | 04.02.2028 – 07.07.2028 | Q1/2028 | Total closure  | Passenger:<br>rerouting Eastern Rhine track<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting Eastern Rhine track<br>incl. relocated train classification & Main-Weser-line & North-South | Yes |
| DE | 2  | Koblenz - Mainz       | general overhaul             | 04.02.2028 – 07.07.2028 | Q1/2028 | Total closure  | Passenger:<br>rerouting Eastern Rhine track<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting Eastern Rhine track<br>incl. relocated train classification & Main-Weser-                   | Yes |

|    |   |                          |                  |                         |         |               | line & North-South  |     |
|----|---|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|---|-----|
| DE | 3 | Hagen - Unna- Hamm       | general overhaul | 04.02.2028 – 07.07.2028 | Q1/2028 | Total closure | Passenger:<br>rerouting via Hamm, Bochum<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting via Hamm, Recklinghausen      | Yes |
| DE | 4 | München - Rosenheim      | general overhaul | 04.02.2028 – 07.07.2028 | Q1/2028 | Total closure | Passenger:<br>rerouting via Holzkirchen, Mühldorf<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting via Passau, Mühldorf | Yes |
| DE | 5 | Würzburg - Treuchtlingen | general overhaul | 07.07.2028 – 08.12.2028 | Q3/2028 | Total closure | Passenger: -<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting via Nuremberg/ Nürnberg                                   | Yes |
| DE | 6 | Aachen - Köln            | general overhaul | 07.07.2028 – 08.12.2028 | Q3/2028 | Total closure | Passenger:<br>rerouting via Mönchengladbach<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting via Mönchengladbach        | Yes |

|    |    |                                   |                   |                         |         |               | ch and extensive  |     |
|----|----|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|---|-----|
| DE | 7  | Forbach - Ludwigshafen            | general overhaul  | 07.07.2028 – 08.12.2028 | Q3/2028 | Total closure | Passenger:<br>rerouting via Karlsruhe<br><br>Freight:<br>Rerouting via Perl / Apach           | Yes |
| DE | 8  | Minden - Wunstorf                 | general overhaul  | 07.07.2028 – 08.12.2028 | Q3/2028 | Total closure | Passenger:<br>rerouting via Altenbeken<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting via Altenbeken, Osnabrück | Yes |
| DE | 9  | Weddel - Magdeburg                | general overhaul  | 07.07.2028 – 08.12.2028 | Q3/2028 | Total closure | Passenger:<br>rerouting via Stendal<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting via Lehrte, Stendal          | Yes |
| DE | 10 | Hannover - Schulenburger Landstr. | Bridge renewal    | 07.07.2028 – 15.09.2028 | Q3/2028 | Total closure | Passenger:<br>rerouting via GUB (freight bypass)<br><br>Freight:<br>extensive rerouting       | Yes |
| DE | 11 | "Kölner Brücken"                  | Railroad overpass | 07.07.2028 – 13.12.2029 | Q3/2028 | Total closure | Passenger:<br>rerouting via   | Yes |

|    |    |  |   |                            |            |  |   |         |
|----|----|--|---|----------------------------|------------|--|---|---------|
|    |    |  |   |                            |            |  | Mönchengladbach<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting<br>Eastern Rhine<br>track<br>incl. relocated<br>train<br>classification &<br>Main-Weser-<br>line |         |
| DE | 12 | Flieden- Burgsinn  | Tunnel renovation   | 15.10.2027 –<br>31.01.2029 | Q4/2028    | Total closure  | Passenger:<br>extensive<br>rerouting<br><br>Freight:<br>rerouting via<br>SFS (high-speed<br>line) and Rhine                                   | Yes     |
| IT | 1  | Brennero - Verona  | Brenner wall  | 01/2028                    | 08/2028    | Closure of tracks 8, 9,<br>10, 11, 12 in Brennero<br>station | Yes   | Not yet |
| LU | 1  | Rodange - Rodange<br>frontière b1<br><br>Rodange - Rodange<br>frontière b2<br><br>Rodange - Rodange<br>frontière f | Connection of the new<br>maintenance and<br>storage facility<br><br>Improving of the track<br>configuration | 02.2028 - 12.2028          | Q1-Q4 2028 | Total closure  | No passenger<br>traffic<br><br>Re-routing<br>options of<br>freight trains in<br>discussion  | No      |
| LU | 2  | Esch/Alz. - Differdange  | Modernisation of the<br>line  | 07.2028 - 09.2028          | Q3 2028    | Total closure  | No passenger<br>traffic   | No      |

|    |   |                              |   |                 |         |   |  |                    |
|----|---|------------------------------|---|-----------------|---------|---|--|--------------------|
|    |   |                              |   |                 |         |   | Re-routing of freight trains via lines 6 and 7   |                    |
| NL | 1 | Amsterdam Centraal           | <i>Increased capacity and transfer capacity at and around Amsterdam C.</i>                  | Dec 2023 – 2030 | Q4/2023 | 7 out of 10 platform tracks available at Amsterdam C.                               | To be elaborated   | Yes                |
| NL | 2 | Haarlem                      | Renewal and update layout   | 2027-2028       | t.b.a.  | No or limited availability of platform tracks + total closures on adjacent sections | Yes  | Yes                |
| NL | 3 | Sluiskil                     | Renovation of bridge  | 2028            | t.b.a.  | Total closure alternated with windows for freight trains                            | Yes  | By Rijkswaterstaat |
| NL | 4 | Leiden - Alphen aan den Rijn | New station, geotechnical measures, removal and relocation of railway crossings + underpass | 2028            | t.b.a.  | Total closure   | Yes  | Yes                |
| NL | 5 | Lage Zwaluwe                 | tracks for 740m freight trains  | 2028            | t.b.a.  | TCR scenario's to be discussed. Multiple TCRs expected, no Major TCRs               | Yes, affecting Moerdijk, Oosterhout Weststad as well as main corridors. HSL not affected | Yes                |
| NL | 6 | Kijfhoek - Roosendaal grens  | ERTMS   | 2028            | t.b.a.  | Total closure. Multiple TCRs expected, no Major TCRs                                | Yes  | Yes                |

|    |      |  |                                   |      |         |  |     |     |
|----|------|--|-----------------------------------|------|---------|--|-----|-----|
| NL | 7    | Groningen - Sauwerd - Delfzijl / Eemshaven | ERTMS                             | 2028 | t.b.a.  | Total closure, multiple weeks, to be discussed | Yes | Yes |
| NL | 8    | Groningen - Nieuweschans grens / Veendam   | ERTMS                             | 2028 | t.b.a.  | Total closure, multiple weeks, to be discussed | Yes | Yes |
| FR | 1403 | Nantes                                     | Superstructure renewal            | 2028 | Q2 2028 | Miscellaneous                                  | Yes | Yes |
| FR | 1351 | TELT St Jean de Maurienne                  | Phase 3 Torino tunnel             | 2028 | Q3 2028 | ?  | No  | Yes |
| FR | 1343 | CCR Marseille Vintimille                   | Control center modification       | 2028 |         | ?  | Yes | Yes |
| FR | 1091 | CCR Blainville Nancy                       | Control center modification       | 2028 | 2027    | Major  | Yes | Yes |
| FR | 1020 | Double tracks 1435mm Hendaye Irun          | Improvement cross border capacity | 2028 | Q4 2028 | ?  | Yes | Yes |

**Table 3: Overview Major Impact TCR**

## 2.2.2 Map Visualization of Pre-Announced Major Impact TCRs

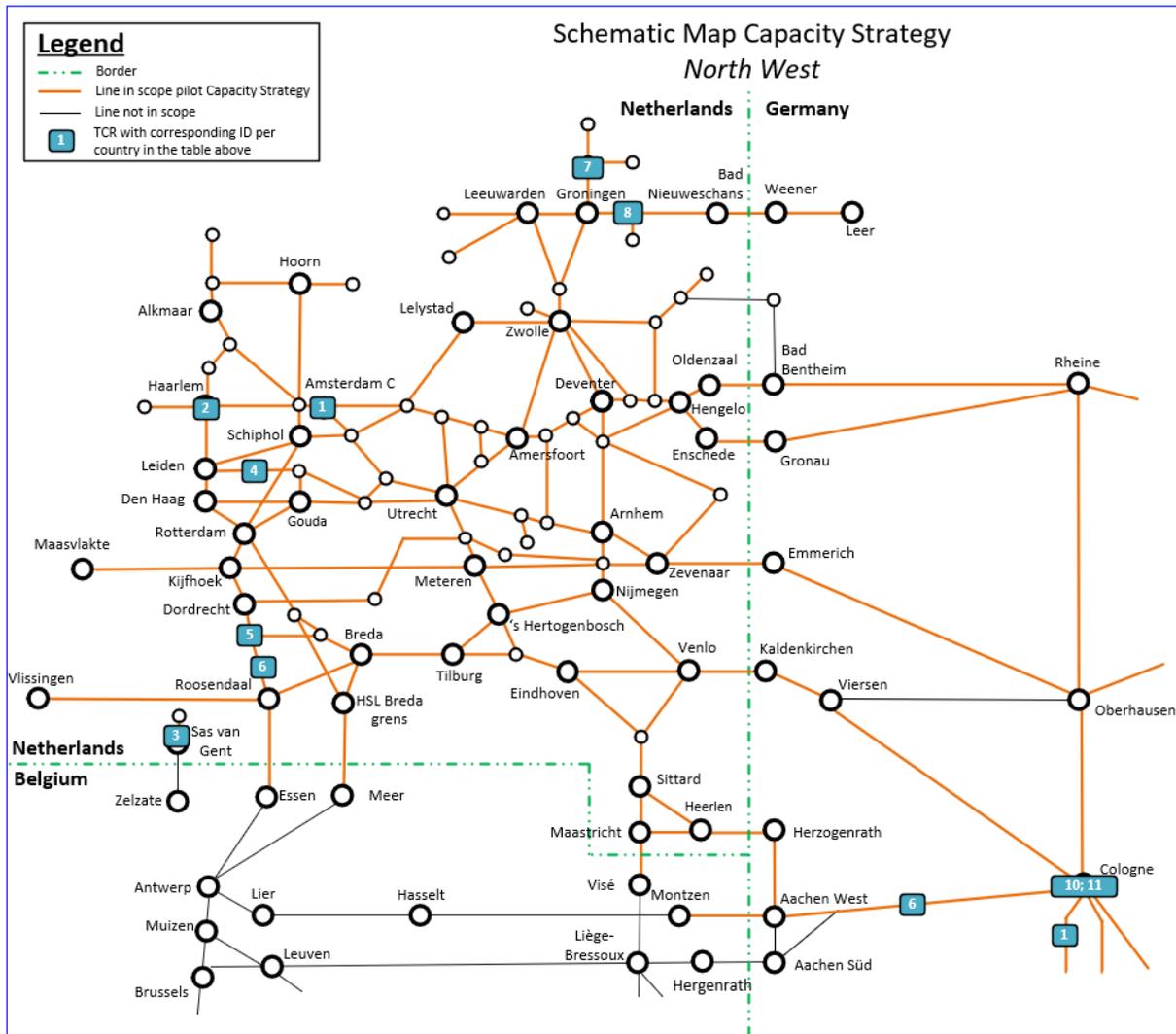


Figure 9: Schematic Map TCRs North West

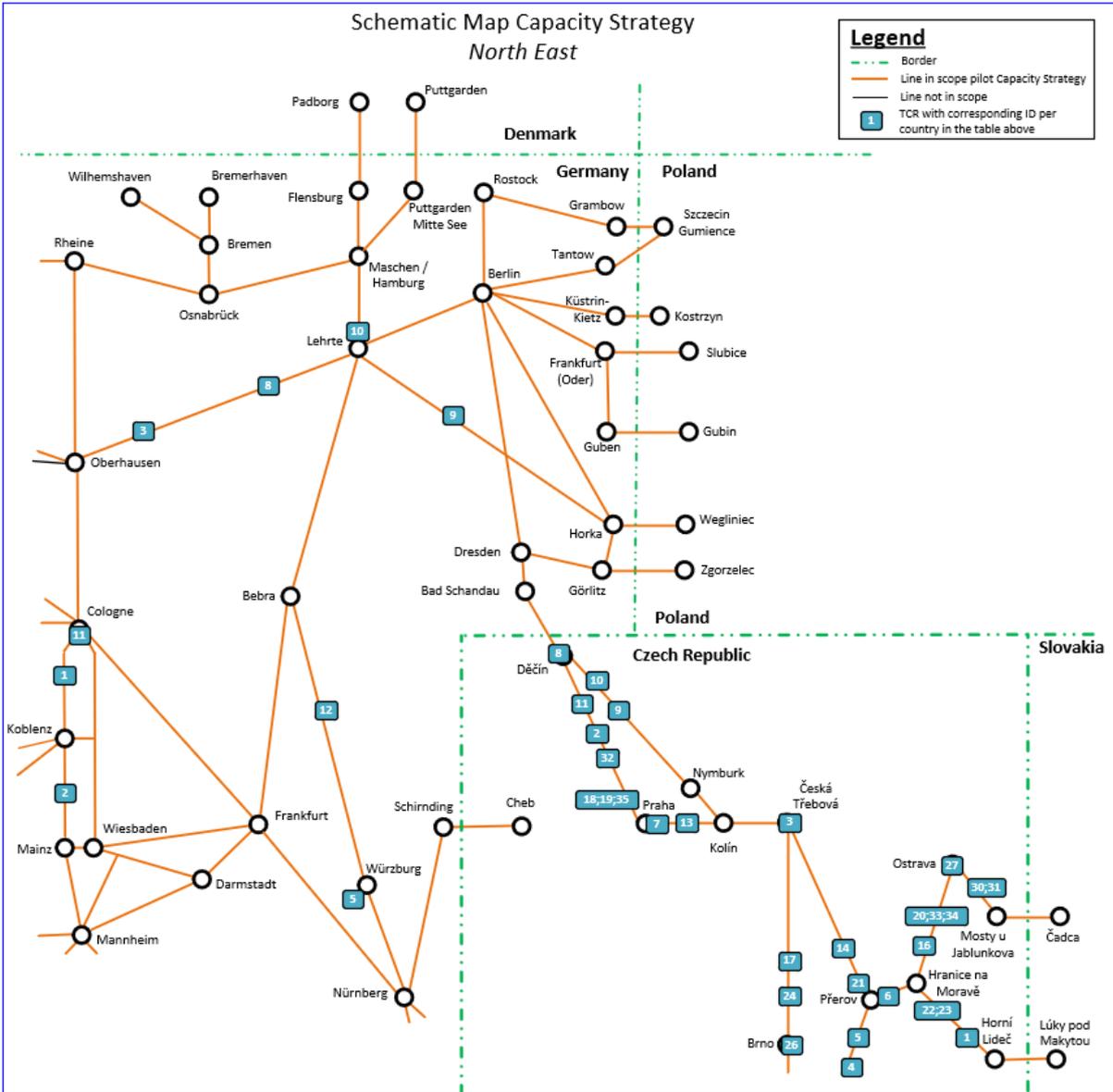


Figure 10: Schematic Map TCRs North East

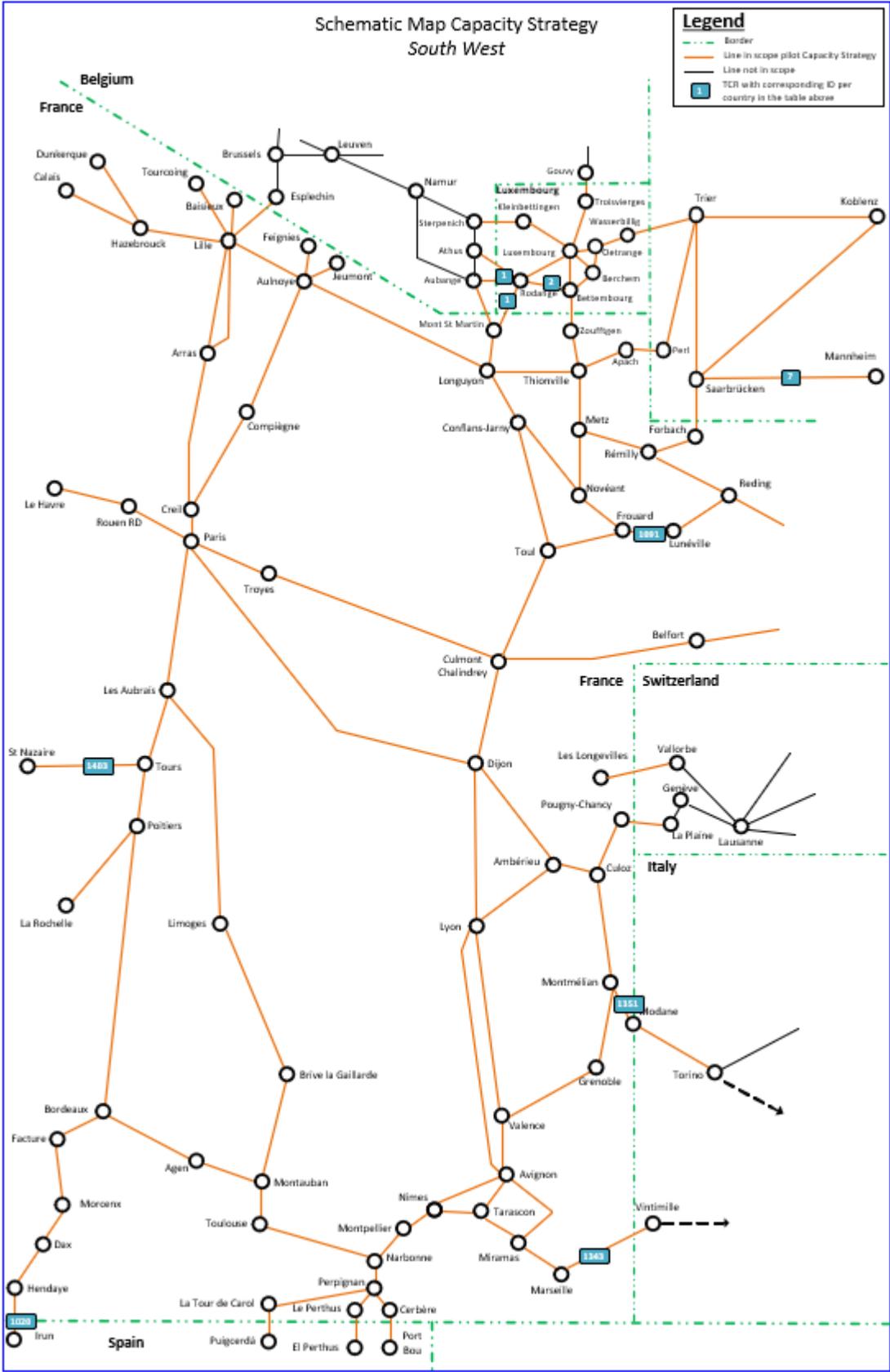


Figure 11: Schematic Map TCRs South West

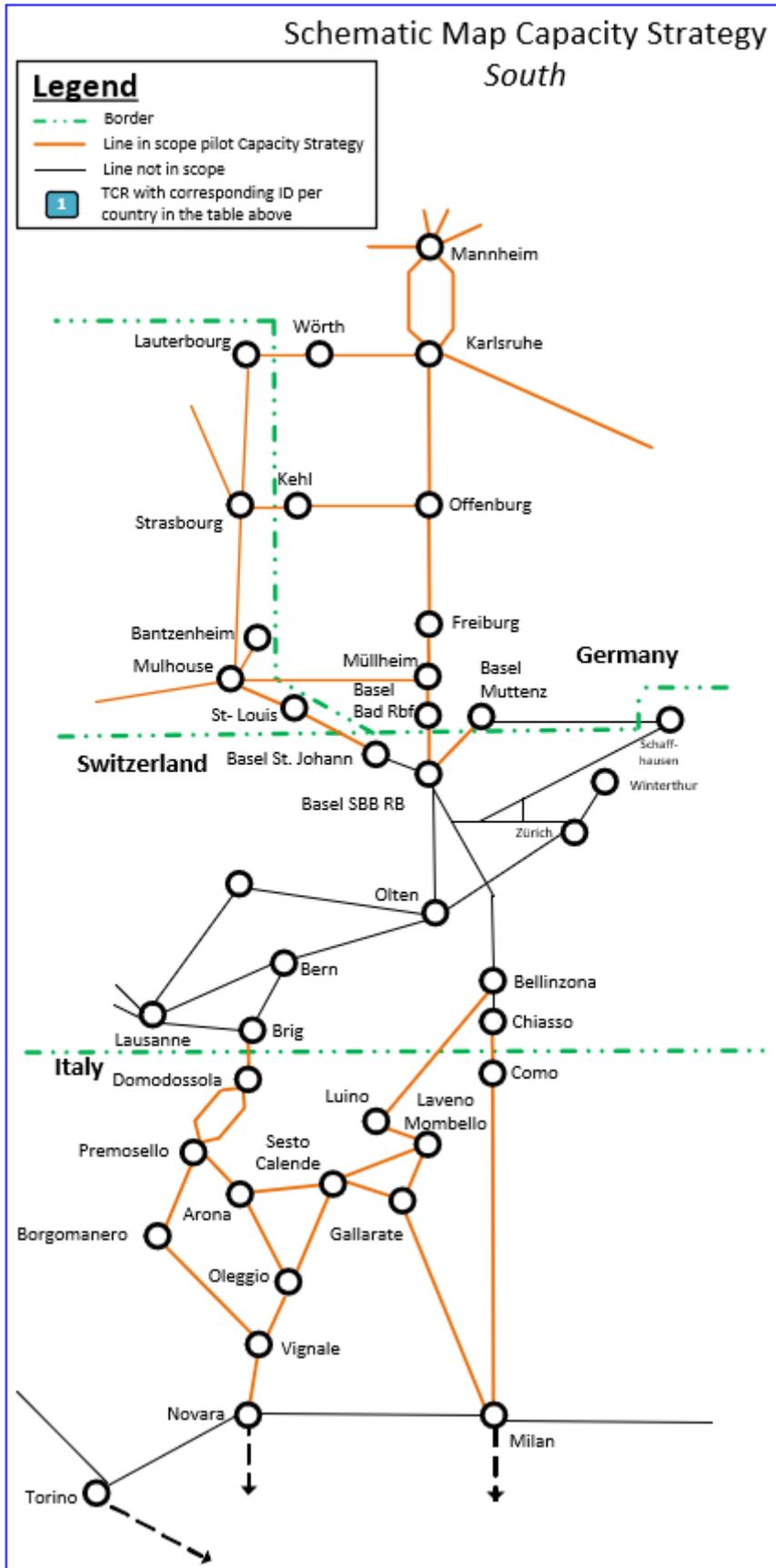


Figure 12: Schematic Map TCRs South

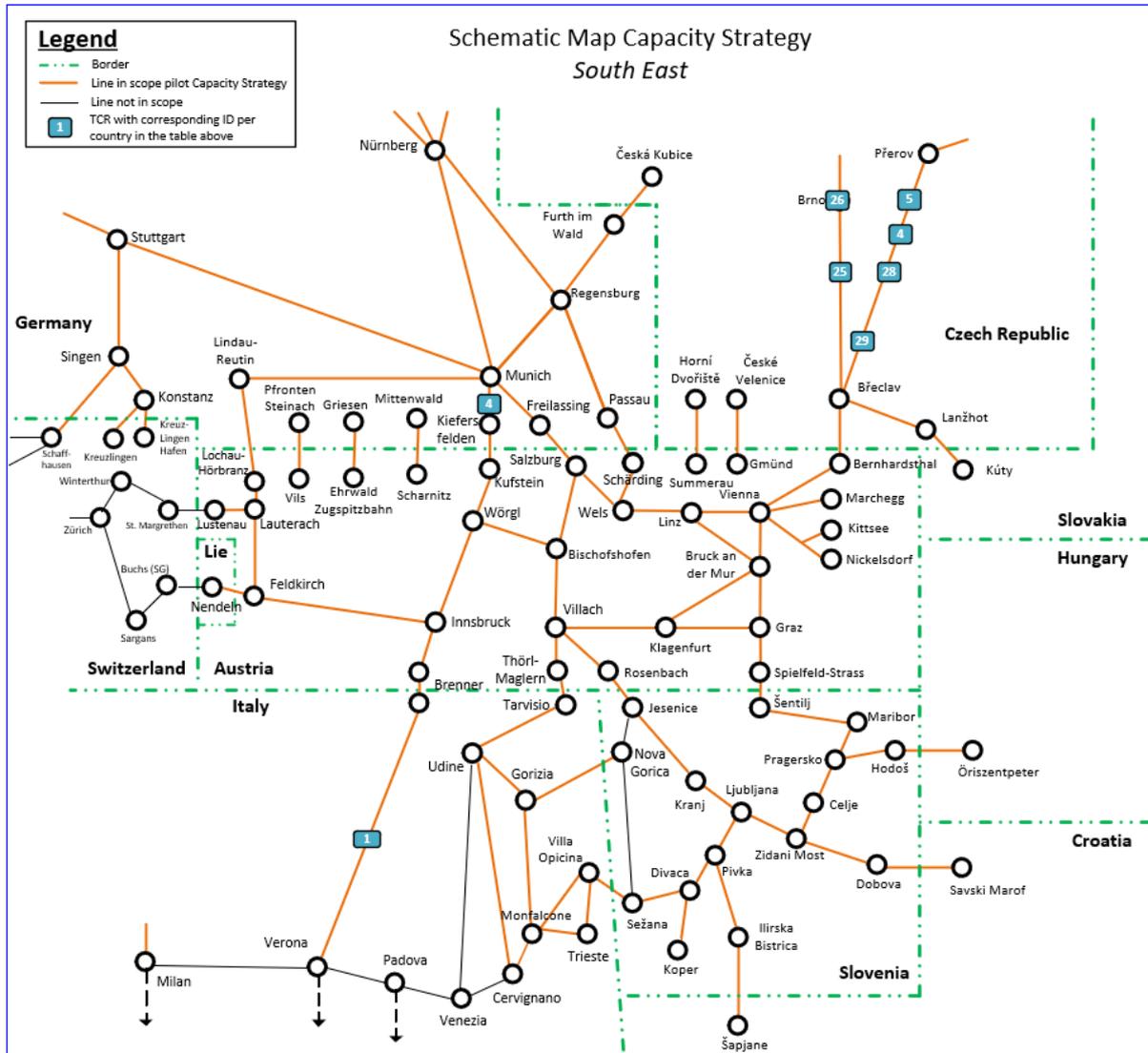


Figure 13: Schematic Map TCRs South East

### 2.2.3 Standard Re-Routings for Pre-Announced Major Impact TCRs

#### SŽ-Infrastruktura

At the time of the creation and publication of the 2028 Capacity Strategy, there was no information about planned TCRs with a significant impact in 2028. Once the data - implementation dates and scope of work will be known, the TCRs will be coordinated with the neighbouring IMs and all involved parties, and also re-routing options will be created, and subsequently the TCRs will also be taken into account when creating the capacity model.

#### SZCZ

We offer re-routing routes, if possible, to RUs during our planning and consultation process described above. It depends on RUs, if they accept them. It depends on the requirements of the carriers in terms of train length, weight, traction and the capacity of any diverging routes to be considered.

## DB InfraGO

Since no standardised deviation routes are in operation in Germany, but any such deviation is developed on a case-by-case basis, only guidelines can be communicated.

For TCR reroutings related to the TCRs published in the document (see section 2.2 of this document), the chart includes rerouting information per each high-performance corridor concerned.

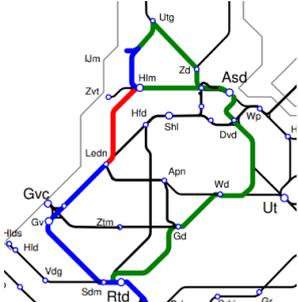
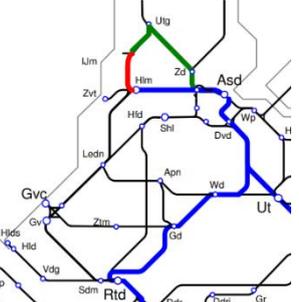
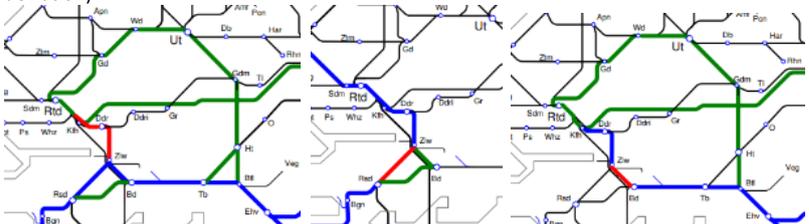
In general, any total closure results in some cancellations of paths, which usually concern regional traffic and in the rerouting of others, which usually concern both freight and long-distance traffic, following general principles such as the usage of an alternative line, as in the example of the Eastern Rhine train line if the Western Rhine line is blocked, and vice-versa.

Finally, as there was no reliable information on all TCR reroutings for TT2028 at the time of publication, such information will become available later on in the process and will be communicated through the pertinent channels.

## ProRail

The standardised deviation routes and other planning principles are part of the Corridor book, which is available for applicants through the ProRail [Logistics Portal](#) (folder “Corridorboeken”).

The numbers in the table below refer to the table in paragraph 2.2.1

|    |   |                              |   |
|----|---|------------------------------|---|
| NL | 1 | Amsterdam Centraal           | Traffic impact to be elaborated.  |
| NL | 2 | Haarlem                      | See maps 33 & 35 in the Corridor book (shown maps below for freight only. Red = TCR/original route, green = deviation).<br>  |
| NL | 3 | Sluiskil (bridge)            | No re-routing possible. Windows for freight traffic expected.   |
| NL | 4 | Leiden - Alphen aan den Rijn | No re-routing of trains foreseen.   |
| NL | 5 | Lage Zwaluwe                 | See maps 38, 39 & 42 in the Corridor book. (shown maps below for freight only; also to be used by long distance passenger traffic not using HSL. Red = TCR/original route, green = deviation).<br>              |
| NL | 6 | Kijfhoek - Roosendaal grens  | See the maps mentioned under TCR NL-5 (38, 39 & 42), together with map 41:  |

|    |   |  |                         |
|----|---|--|-------------------------|
|    |   |  |                         |
| NL | 7 | Groningen - Eemshaven / Delfzijl         | No re-routing possible. |
| NL | 8 | Groningen - Nieuweschans grens / Veendam | No re-routing possible. |

### SNCF Réseau

SNCF-R offers two permanent alternatives, the first is a modify request outside the periods impacted by TCRs. The second is a modify request for alternative path: The impact of TCRs is limited by using alternative routes when the infrastructure facilities allow it. The general principle is to keep always at least one of the paths open. The two courses can be not equal in time, tracks number or speed limit. It is then necessary to apply compensation.



# Atlas de la sphère horaire Itinéraires alternatifs

Les itinéraires alternatifs officiels peuvent varier d'année en année.  
Cette carte reprend les principaux itinéraires alternatifs connus.

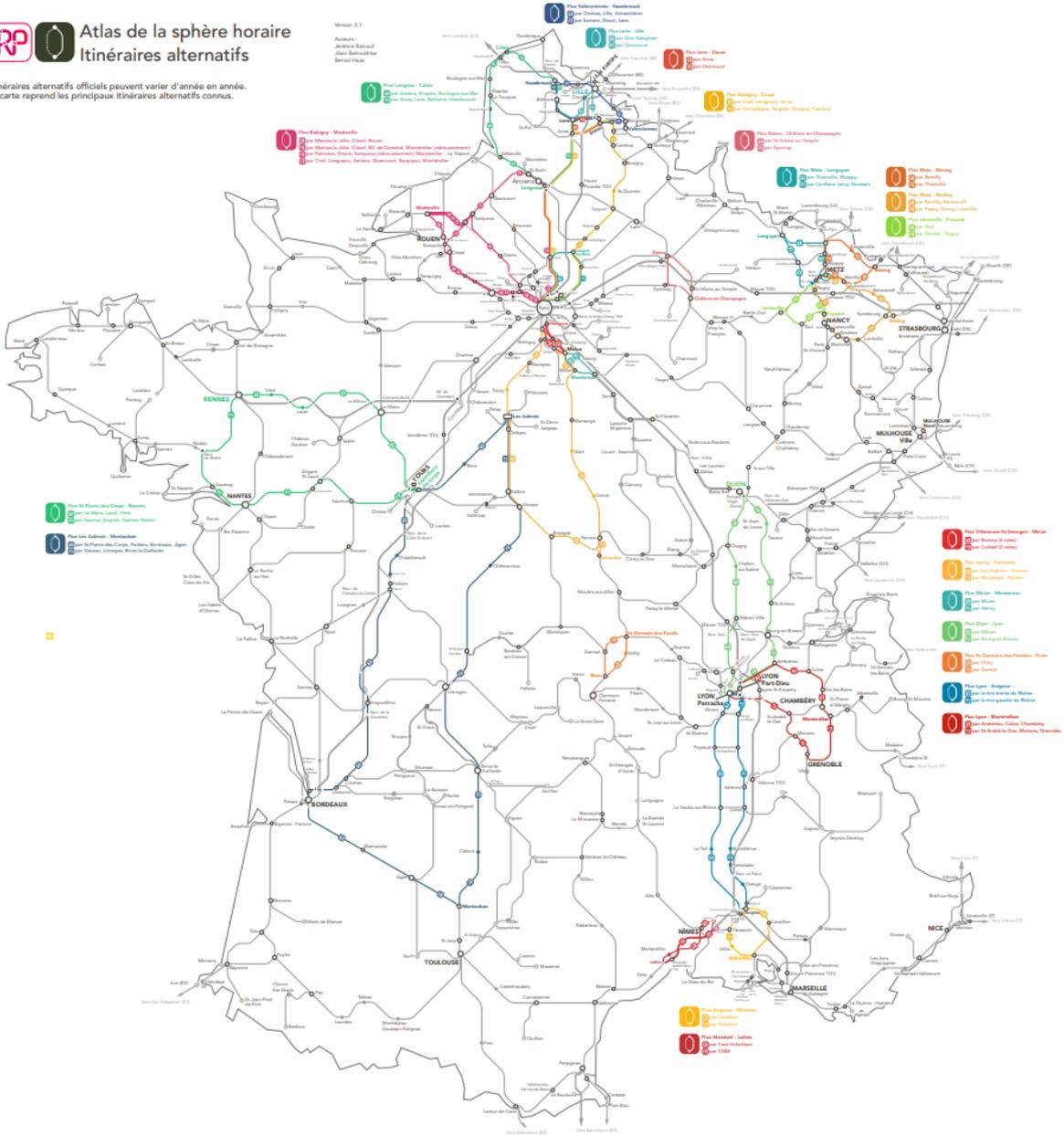


Figure 14 Schematic Map Capacity Strategy. <https://www.sncf-reseau.com/fr/node/501>

| TABLEAU COMPARATIF DES ITINERAIRES ALTERNATIFS |          |                     |                 |                      |                      |         |         |                  |                |                   |                     |                   |              |
|--|----------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------|---------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Secteur Picardie - Nord Pas de Calais          |          |                     |                 |                      |                      |         |         |                  |                |                   |                     |                   |              |
| Flux   | Corridor | Intervalle de gares | N° de ligne UIC | Puissance électrique | Mode de cantonnement | Gabarit | Vitesse | Nombre de voies  | Distance en km | Temps de parcours | Temps compensatoire | Travaux planifiés | Restrictions |
| Flow   | RFC      | Line section        | UIC line Number | Electrical power     | Block system         | Gauge   | Speed   | Number of tracks | Distance in km | Travel time       | Compensatory time   | Planned TCR       | Constraints  |
| Paris - Le Havre                               | 2        | Bobigny Eragny      | 354000          | 25000v               | BAL                  | GA/GB1  | 120/160 | 2                |                |                   |                     |                   |              |

|               |   |                         |            |             |             |        |         |   |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|---------------|---|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------|---|-----|-------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
|               |   | Eragny Pontoise         | 338000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB     | 160     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Pontoise Serqueux       | 330000     | 25000v      | BAPR        | GB     | 160     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Serqueux Montérolier    | 353/354000 | 25000v      | VU          | GB/GB1 | 100     | 1 |     |       |                        |  | Voie unique                   |
|               |   | Montérolier Le Havre    | 340000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB1    | 160     | 2 | 243 | 05h11 | most important delay   |  |                               |
|               |   |                         |            |             |             |        |         |   |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Bobigny Longueau        | 272000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GA/GB1 | 120/160 | 4 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Longueau St Roch        | 311000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB     | 160     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | St Roch Serqueux        | 321000     | 25000v      | BAPR        | GB     | 160     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Serqueux Montérolier    | 353/354000 | 25000v      | VU          | GB/GB1 | 100     | 1 |     |       |                        |  | Voie unique                   |
|               |   | Montérolier Le Havre    | 340000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB1    | 160     | 2 | 311 | 04h54 | 17'                    |  |                               |
|               |   |                         |            |             |             |        |         |   |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Bobigny Longueau        | 272000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GA/GB1 | 120/160 | 4 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Longueau St Roch        | 311000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB     | 160     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | St Roch Serqueux        | 321000     | 25000v      | BAPR        | GB     | 160     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Serqueux Darnétal       | 321000     | 25000v      | BAPR        | GB     | 160     | 2 |     |       |                        |  | Forte pente                   |
|               |   | Darnétal Le Havre       | 340000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB1    | 160     | 2 | 262 | 04h37 | 34'                    |  |                               |
|               |   |                         |            |             |             |        |         |   |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Bobigny Mantes la Jolie | 990000     | 1500/25000v | BAL         | GB1    | 100     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Mantes la Jolie Rouen   | 340000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB1    | 160     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Rouen Le Havre          | 340000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB1    | 160     | 2 | 233 | 04h23 | 48'                    |  | Le Havre Soquence --> FA = VU |
|               |   |                         |            |             |             |        |         |   |     |       |                        |  |                               |
| Paris - Lille | 2 | Bobigny Creil           | 272000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GA/GB1 | 120/160 | 2 |     |       |                        |  | Jour/Day                      |
|               |   | Creil Tergnier          | 242000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB1    | 120     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Tergnier Busigny        | 242000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB1    | 120     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Busigny Somain          | 250000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB     | 120     | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Somain Arras            | 259/272000 | 25000v      | BAL         | GA/GB1 | 120/160 | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Arras Don               | 286000     | 25000v      | BAL         | GB1    | 140/100 | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Don Lille               | 289000     | 25000v      | BAL         |        | 100     | 2 | 307 | 04h17 | Temps le plus péjorant |  |                               |
|               |   |                         |            |             |             |        |         |   |     |       |                        |  |                               |
|               |   | Ormy Tergnier           | 229000     | 25000v      | BAL/BAPR/BM |        | 100/120 | 2 |     |       |                        |  |                               |

|                             |   |                         |                |        |     |            |             |   |     |       |                            |            |  |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------|--------|-----|------------|-------------|---|-----|-------|----------------------------|------------|--|
|                             |   | Tergnier<br>Busigny     | 232/242<br>000 | 25000v | BAL | GB1        | 120         | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Busigny<br>Somain       | 250000         | 25000v | BAL | GB         | 120         | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Somain<br>Arras         | 259/272<br>000 | 25000v | BAL | GA/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Arras Don               | 286000         | 25000v | BAL | GB1        | 140/<br>100 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Don Lille               | 289000         | 25000v | BAL |            | 100         | 2 | 292 | 03h34 | 43'                        |            |  |
|                             |   | Bobigny<br>Creil        | 272000         | 25000v | BAL | GA/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            | Jour/Day   |  |
|                             |   | Creil<br>Longueau       | 272000         | 25000v | BAL | GA/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Longueau<br>Arras       | 272000         | 25000v | BAL | GA/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Arras Don               | 286000         | 25000v | BAL | GB         | 140/<br>100 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Don Lille               | 289000         | 25000v | BAL |            | 100         | 2 | 240 | 03h10 | 57'                        |            |  |
|                             |   | Bobigny<br>Creil        | 272000         | 25000v | BAL | GA/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Creil<br>Longueau       | 272000         | 25000v | BAL | GA/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Longueau<br>Lens        | 286000         | 25000v | BAL | GB1        | 100         | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Lens<br>Ostricourt      | 301000         | 25000v | BAL |            | 90          | 2 |     |       |                            | Nuit/Night |  |
|                             |   | Ostricourt<br>Lille     | 272000         | 25000v | BAL | GA/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2 | 235 | 03h04 | 1h03                       |            |  |
| Valenciennes -<br>Hazebroek | 2 | Valenciennes<br>Somain  | 267/262<br>000 | 25000v | BAL | GB         | 120         | 2 |     |       |                            |            | Attention aux<br>heures<br>d'ouverture |
|                             |   | Somain<br>Arras         | 262000         | 25000v | BAL | GB         | 120         | 2 |     |       |                            | Jour/Day   |  |
|                             |   | Arras Lens              | 286000         | 25000v | BAL | GB1        | 100         | 2 |     |       |                            | Jour/Day   |  |
|                             |   | Lens<br>Hazebroek       | 301000         | 25000v | BAL |            | 140/<br>120 | 2 | 124 | 02h26 | most<br>important<br>delay |            |  |
|                             |   | Valenciennes<br>Somain  | 267/262<br>000 | 25000v | BAL | GB         | 120         | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Somain<br>Douai         | 262000         | 25000v | BAL | GB         | 120         | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Douais<br>Ostricourt    | 272000         | 25000v | BAL | GA/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            | Nuit/Night |  |
|                             |   | Ostricourt<br>Lens      | 301000         | 25000v | BAL |            | 90          | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Lens<br>Hazebroek       | 301000         | 25000v | BAL |            | 140/<br>120 | 2 | 113 | 02h34 | 12'                        |            |  |
|                             |   | Valenciennes<br>Orchies | 267000         | 25000v | BAL | GA         | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |
|                             |   | Orchies<br>Lille        | 267000         | 25000v | BAL | GA         | 120/<br>160 | 2 |     |       |                            |            |  |

|                               |                   | Lille<br>Hazebrouk                | 295000                | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GC                | 120/<br>160 | 2                   | 98                    | 01h14                   | 01h22                        |                      |              |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Secteur Est - ALCA            |                   |                                   |                       |                         |                         |                   |             |                     |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
| Flux                          | Corr<br>idor<br>s | Intervalle<br>de gares            | N° de<br>ligne<br>UIC | Puissance<br>électrique | Mode de<br>cantonnement | Gab<br>arit       | Vite<br>sse | Nombre<br>de voies  | Distanc<br>e en<br>km | Temps<br>de<br>parcours | Temps<br>compensat<br>oire   | Travaux<br>planifiés | Restrictions |
| Flow                          | RFC               | Line<br>section                   | UIC line<br>Number    | Electrical<br>power     | Block<br>system         | Gau<br>ge         | Spee<br>d   | Number<br>of tracks | Distanc<br>e in km    | Travel<br>time          | Compensa<br>tory time        | Planned<br>TCR       | Constraints  |
| Bâle -<br>Woippy<br>AN        | 2                 | Mulhouse<br>Saverne               | 115/070<br>000        | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GB/<br>GB1        | 220/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Saverne<br>Frouard                | 70000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA/<br>GB/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Frouard<br>Metz<br>Marchandises   | 095/089<br>000        | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA                | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Metz<br>March.<br>Woippy          | 191300                | 25000v                  | BAL                     |                   | 110         | 2                   | 315                   | 05h30                   | most<br>important<br>delay   |                      |              |
|                               |                   |                                   |                       |                         |                         |                   |             |                     |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Mulhouse<br>Saverne               | 115/070<br>000        | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GB/<br>GB1        | 220/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Saverne<br>Rémilly                | 070/140<br>000        | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GB1               | 120         | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Rémilly<br>Metz L3                | 140/192<br>000        | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GB1               | 150/<br>140 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Metz L3<br>Woippy                 | 192000                | 25000v                  | BAL                     |                   | 100         | 2                   | 269                   | 04h00                   | 01h30                        |                      |              |
|                               |                   |                                   |                       |                         |                         |                   |             |                     |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
| Dijon -<br>Metz AO            | 2                 | Dijon Toul                        | 849/843<br>/832000    | 25000v                  | BAL                     |                   | 140/<br>100 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Toul<br>Frouard                   | 70000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA/<br>GB/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Frouard<br>Novéant                | 90000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA                | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Novéant<br>Metz                   | 89000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA                | 120/<br>160 | 2                   | 256                   | 03h30                   | Temps le<br>plus<br>péjorant |                      |              |
|                               |                   |                                   |                       |                         |                         |                   |             |                     |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Dijon Toul                        | 849/843<br>/832000    | 25000v                  | BAL                     |                   | 140/<br>100 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Toul<br>Lérouville                | 70000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA/<br>GB/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Lérouville<br>Novéant             | 89000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA                | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Novéant<br>Metz                   | 89000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA                | 120/<br>160 | 2                   | 272                   | 03h17                   | 12'                          |                      |              |
|                               |                   |                                   |                       |                         |                         |                   |             |                     |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
| Château-<br>Thierry -<br>Metz | 2                 | Château-<br>Thierry<br>Lerouville | 70000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA/<br>GB/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Lerouville<br>Frouard             | 70000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA/<br>GB/<br>GB1 | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |
|                               |                   | Frouard<br>Novéant                | 90000                 | 25000v                  | BAL                     | GA                | 120/<br>160 | 2                   |                       |                         |                              |                      |              |

|                 |   |                            |        |        |     |           |         |   |     |       |                        |  |  |
|-----------------|---|----------------------------|--------|--------|-----|-----------|---------|---|-----|-------|------------------------|--|--|
|                 |   | Novéant Metz               | 89000  | 25000v | BAL | GA        | 120/160 | 2 | 259 | 03h35 | most important delay   |  |  |
|                 |   |                            |        |        |     |           |         |   |     |       |                        |  |  |
|                 |   | Château-Thierry Lerouville | 70000  | 25000v | BAL | GA/GB/GB1 | 120/160 | 2 |     |       |                        |  |  |
|                 |   | Lérouville Novéant         | 70000  | 25000v | BAL | GA/GB/GB1 | 120/160 | 2 |     |       |                        |  |  |
|                 |   | Novéant Metz               | 89000  | 25000v | BAL | GA        | 120/160 | 2 | 257 | 02h55 | 50'                    |  |  |
|                 |   |                            |        |        |     |           |         |   |     |       |                        |  |  |
| Metz - Longuyon | 2 | Metz Onville               | 89000  | 25000v | BAL | GA        | 120/160 | 2 |     |       |                        |  |  |
|                 |   | Onville Conflans-Jarny     | 95000  | 25000v | BAL | GA        | 100/120 | 2 |     |       |                        |  |  |
|                 |   | Conflans-Jarny Longuyon    | 95000  | 25000v | BAL | GA        | 100/120 | 2 | 84  | 01h32 | Temps le plus péjorant |  |  |
|                 |   |                            |        |        |     |           |         |   |     |       |                        |  |  |
|                 |   | Metz Thionville            | 180000 | 25000v | BAL | GA        | 120/160 | 2 |     |       |                        |  |  |
|                 |   | Thionville Longuyon        | 204000 | 25000v | BAL | GA/GB     | 100/120 | 2 | 78  | 01h20 | 12'                    |  |  |

Secteur Sud-Est

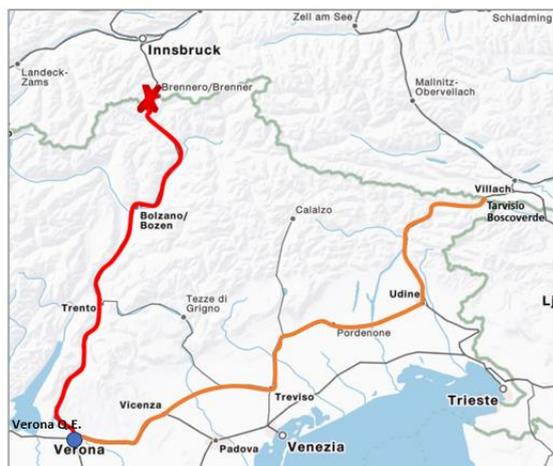
| Flux               | Corridors | Intervalle de gares   | N° de ligne UIC | Puissance électrique | Mode de cantonnement | Gabarit | Vitesse | Nombre de voies  | Distance en km | Temps de parcours | Temps compensatoire    | Travaux planifiés | Restrictions                             |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------|---------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Flow               | RFC       | Line section          | UIC line Number | Electrical power     | Block system         | Gauge   | Speed   | Number of tracks | Distance in km | Travel time       | Compensatory time      | Planned TCR       | Constraints                              |
| Villeneuve - Melun | 4         | Villeneuve Juvisy     | 745000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GB      | 120/160 | 4                |                |                   |                        |                   |  |
|                    |           | Juvisy Corbeil        | 745000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GB      | 120/160 | 2                |                |                   |                        | Nuit/Night        |  |
|                    |           | Corbeil Melun         | 746000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GB      | 120/160 | 2                | 41             | 45'               | most important delay   | Nuit/Night        |  |
|                    |           |                       |                 |                      |                      |         |         |                  |                |                   |                        |                   |  |
|                    |           | Villeneuve Brunoy     | 830000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GA      | 160     | 4                |                |                   |                        |                   |  |
|                    |           | Brunoy Melun          | 830000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GA      | 160     | 4                | 30             | 16'               | 29'                    |                   |  |
|                    |           |                       |                 |                      |                      |         |         |                  |                |                   |                        |                   |  |
| Melun - Montereau  | 4         | Melun Héricy          | 746000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GB      | 120/160 | 2                |                |                   |                        |                   |  |
|                    |           | Héricy Montereau      | 746000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GB      | 120/160 | 2                | 36             | 31'               | Temps le plus péjorant |                   |  |
|                    |           |                       |                 |                      |                      |         |         |                  |                |                   |                        |                   |  |
|                    |           | Melun Moret           | 830000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GA      | 160     | 2                |                |                   |                        | Nuit/Night        |  |
|                    |           | Moret Montereau       | 830000          | 1500v                | BAL                  | GA      | 160     | 2                | 34             | 21'               | 10'                    |                   |  |
|                    |           |                       |                 |                      |                      |         |         |                  |                |                   |                        |                   |  |
| Dijon - Lyon 7P    | 6         | Dijon Bourg en Bresse | 860/880000      | 1500v                | BAL                  | GA      | 120/160 | 2                |                |                   |                        | Jour/Day          | limitation à 4 circulations en simultané |

|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------|--------|-------|-----|-----|-------------|---|-----|-------|------------------------|------------|--|
|                   |   | Bourg en Bresse Ambérieu | 883000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Ambérieu Lyon            | 890000 | 1500v | BAL |     | 100/120/160 | 2 | 220 | 03h00 | most important delay   |            |  |
|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Dijon Mâcon              | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 |     |       |                        | Nuit/Night |  |
|                   |   | Mâcon St Germain MO      | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | St Germain MO Lyon       | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 4 | 198 | 02h42 | 15'                    |            |  |
|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |
| Lyon - Avignon    | 6 | Lyon Givors              | 800000 | 1500v | BAL | GB1 | 120/160     | 4 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Givors Peyraud           | 800000 | 1500v | BAL | GB1 | 120/160     | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Peyraud La Voulte        | 800000 | 1500v | BAL | GB1 | 120/160     | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | La Voulte Villeneuve     | 800000 | 1500v | BAL | GB1 | 120/160     | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Villeneuve Avignon       | 824000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 140         | 2 | 223 | 02h45 |                        |            | Tête à queue possible selon suite itinéraire |
|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Lyon Chasse/Rhone        | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 4 |     |       |                        | Nuit/Night |  |
|                   |   | Chasse St Rambert        | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | St Rambert Livron        | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Livron Orange            | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Orange Avignon           | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 | 234 | 02h45 |                        |            |  |
|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |
| Avignon - Nîmes   | 6 | Avignon Tarascon         | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 |     |       |                        | Nuit/Night |  |
|                   |   | Tarascon Nîmes           | 810000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 120         | 2 | 49  | 50'   | most important delay   |            |  |
|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Avignon Villeneuve       | 824301 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 140         | 2 |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Villeneuve Nîmes         | 800000 | 1500v | BAL | GB1 | 120/160     | 2 | 47  | 30'   | 20'                    | Jour/Day   |  |
|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |
| Avignon - Miramas | 6 | Avignon Cavaillon        | 925000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160/220     | 2 |     |       |                        | Jour/Day   |  |
|                   |   | Cavaillon Miramas        | 925000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160/220     | 2 | 71  | 01h10 | Temps le plus péjorant |            | Tête à queue possible selon suite itinéraire |
|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |
|                   |   | Avignon Tarascon         | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 |     |       |                        | Nuit/Night |  |
|                   |   | Tarascon Miramas         | 830000 | 1500v | BAL | GA  | 160         | 2 | 67  | 55'   | 15'                    |            |  |
|                   |   |                          |        |       |     |     |             |   |     |       |                        |            |  |

## ÖBB Infra

No information available at the moment of publication of this document.

## RFI



### TCR:

Interruption of tracks 8,9,10,11,12 in Brennero station

### Example of Origin/destination for the standard route:

Verona Quadrante Europa - Brennero

### Deviation route:

Tarvisio Boscoverde - Udine - Sacile - Treviso - Vicenza - Verona  
Quadrante Europa

### Extra length of the re-routing in comparison to the standard route:

≈70 km

### Suitability for different types of traffic:

Long distance + regional + freight

### Restrictions in parameters in comparison to the standard route:

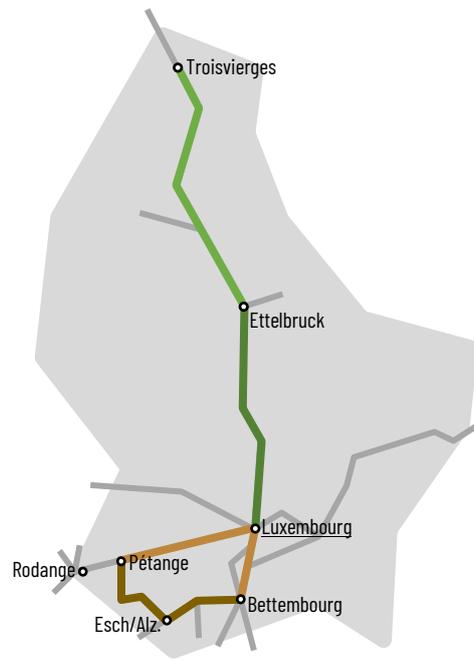
| Section               | Traction        | Line class | Max. train length | Profile |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------|---------|
| Brennero - Bolzano    | Electric - 3 kV | D4L        | 600               | P/C80   |
| Bolzano - Verona      | Electric - 3 kV | D4         | 600               | P/C80   |
| Tarvisio B. - Udine   | Electric - 3 kV | D4         | 625               | P/C80   |
| Udine - Sacile        | Electric - 3 kV | D4L        | 580               | P/C80   |
| Sacile - Treviso      | Electric - 3 kV | D4L        | 575               | P/C80   |
| Treviso - Vicenza     | Electric - 3 kV | D4L        | 550/575           | P/C80   |
| Vicenza - Verona Q.E. | Electric - 3 kV | D4         | 600               | P/C80   |

## ACF/CFL

In Luxembourg, there is no re-routing concept existing. Ad-hoc alternative itineraries are considered for each TCR. However, two national rules are defined in the TCR planification (see map below) :

- On the line 1, the sections Luxembourg – Ettelbruck ⚡ and Ettelbruck – Troisvierges ⚡ cannot be closed simultaneously;
- In order to guarantee the itinerary Bettembourg – Pétange, the sections of the lines 6a/6f via Esch/Alz. ⚡ and 6/7 via Luxembourg ⚡ cannot be closed simultaneously.

Moreover, the TCR having an impact on foreign networks are coordinated by the RAN Group = Rhine-Ardenne-North Sea Group.



## 3. Expected Traffic Flows and Traffic Planning

### 3.1 General Principles

This chapter describes the main principles of transport planning that will later be used in planning the elements of the Capacity Model, Capacity Supply and Capacity Allocation. These principles are different in each country and therefore a comparison is made for better visualisation.

Additionally, each country is in a distinct stage of implementation, and the expected progress with the TTR processes after the release of the Capacity Strategy is also discussed here.

Furthermore, the essential parameters for passenger and freight trains, which will be utilized in the capacity model, are defined. These parameters align with the Capacity Model Procedures.

The projected capacity figures are indicative as the final capacity of the infrastructure is influenced by the technical characteristics of the traffic and many other factors. Further assessment and a more detailed differentiation will be conducted while preparing the Capacity Model and the Capacity Supply.

### 3.2 Description of the Values Used in the Chapter

In all core parts of this chapter, we encounter a lack of common procedures that apply across IMs, which would lead to greater coherence between data that are further compared within the common outputs. There are several methods that are used in the traffic flow chapter.

#### Past timetables

One possible basis is the use of data from past timetables. The reference timetable may be the latest available timetable, or it may be the median, average or other method of calculation of several past timetables. The forward-looking approach provides a growth factor.

#### Capacity concepts

The second approach is to use pre-existing capacities delivered through established timetabling processes and is considered the best possible basis for estimating the volumes to be included in the capacity strategy.

#### Hybrid

The two approaches above can be combined in different ways.

| Method            | Applied by                  |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Past timetables   | SNCF Réseau, SZCZ , ACF/CFL |
| Capacity concepts | DB InfraGO                  |
| Hybrid            | ÖBB INFRA, RFI, ProRail, SŽ |

## 3.3 National Specificities

### 3.3.1 PRORAIL

The starting point for the traffic flows for timetable 2028 is the allocated timetable 2025, including the intended developments in both passenger and freight traffic up to and including 2028. Thereby we use the intended Medium Term (MLT) product steps, which are based on:

- Public Service Obligations (PSO's)

- Requests of railway undertakings
- Timetable adjustments because of new infrastructure which becomes available until 2028
- Timetable adjustments because of major TCR's at the start of TT2028 or which will be valid for a large part of 2028
- Growth forecasts for freight traffic, from which we derive the number of freight paths required per origin-destination relationship.
- Reference models derived from TBOV (Toekomstbeeld Openbaar Vervoer; vision for future railway capacity usage).

The number of trains per category is indicated for the busiest hour, which is usually the rush hour (06:30 – 09:00 and 16:00 – 18:30 from Monday till Friday). Trains that run only 1 or a few times a day and don't fit in foreseen train paths, are not included separately in this capacity strategy. These trains are included in the capacity model, the next TTR phase. In addition, there are train paths that cannot be used every hour of the day due to exclusions with other trains on a part of the route, due to bridge openings, due to maintenance windows or other TCR's, or due to other restrictions like noise or infrastructure limitations.

For freight traffic, we only include train numbers for commercial freight trains in this TTR phase. This does not include individual locomotives and trains of transporting contractors. Furthermore, freight trains in the special transport category (e.g. out of gauge, like military transport) are in this phase only taken into account for the number of freight trains, but we cannot guarantee that they fit in the specified train paths.

### **3.3.2 SNCF RÉSEAU**

To present the Capacity Strategy, we are using the reticular documents, elaborated in one hand with our historical data, and on the other hand with the forecasts provided from the marketing department, in link with our main business partners. We share then these data with our neighbours, to coordinate the result.

### **3.3.3 DB INFRAGO**

In the TTR-context and ahead of the implementation of the "Deutschlandtakt", DB InfraGO is working on developing instruments for drivable, network-wide optimized capacity planning. A first try was published as a pilot 1st April 2022 on DB InfraGO's website. The mKoK (Mediumterm concept for optimized capacity utilization) elaborated on previous Deutschlandtaktplanning processes, Timetable 2021 as well as on customer input on planned changes or additional trains compared to Timetable 2021. It applied primarily to Timetable 2024 and has been used in Germany to drive the allocation of framework contracts for Timetables 2024 and 2025. In April 2024 an updated version of the mKoK has been published on DB InfraGO's website<sup>3</sup> for the Timetables 2026 and onwards. It serves as the best available data basis for the present Chapter in the Capacity Strategy 2028.

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<sup>3</sup> <https://www.dbinfrago.com/web/schienennetz/kazu-novum-11909200>

### **3.3.4 ÖBB INFRA**

The infrastructure for the corresponding timetable year is considered to determine traffic flows. The 2024-infrastructure is supplemented by:

Known amendments to the infrastructure for the timetable 2028 (s. Chapter 1)

Known TCRs that presumably must be considered for the timetable 2028 (s. Chapter 2)

Traffic flows are evaluated based on the supposed infrastructure for Timetable 2028. Consequently, the 2024-timetable is supplemented by:

Known requests for train paths for the scheduled timetable for 2024

Known expansions of services in passenger traffic for the timetable 2028 (For e.g., pre-announced PSO5-traffic)

Approx. 8% increase for freight traffic 2024–2028, rounded up to entire trains (2% per year)

Adjustments in the scheduled timetable that are triggered due to new infrastructure (For e.g., commissioning construction and expansion plans)

Adjustments in the scheduled timetable that are triggered due to TCRs that must presumably be considered for the 2028-timetable.

Additionally, Information is gathered from network usage plans. Network usage plans include system paths for all relevant market segments. These system paths are generated using microscopic simulation. Network usage plans are developed for timetable years with significant changes in traffic volume or travel times (For e.g., opening of major new lines).

### **3.3.5 RFI**

In compliance with the Network Statement of RFI, the general approach is to manage the freight timetable construction phase through a pre-planned path offer (path catalogue).

As a general statement, on single-track corridor lines, which have a high degree of capacity utilization, path timetable and available channels are defined by a clock-face model that considers pre-determined dwelling times at the cross-border stations, therefore paths are expected to bear a strong resemblance to what provided by the path catalogue.

On other lines, for which there is a lower level of capacity utilization, the available paths are published in pre-planned mode. A certain level of flexibility in the construction of the Timetable is admitted, to consider all market needs.

The possible offer of Rolling Planning capacity, starting from the predefined and pre-built capacity catalogue, will depend on the regulatory developments currently being studied at European level as well as on the decisions taken in the RNE area regarding the implementation of the steps of the TTR project for timetable 2028.

Passenger trains timetabling is based mainly upon Framework Agreements; further market demands are considered as well, according to the criteria stated in the RFI Network Statement.

### **3.3.6 SŽ**

An evaluation approach based on historical timetables is used in the preparation of capacity strategies and models. The reference timetable for the 2028 capacity strategy is timetable 2024.

When determining the volume of traffic, the average value for the average working day of the week is taken into account. In a later phase, the expected traffic growth based on traffic flow forecasts can also be taken into account.

The number of trains is coordinated with neighbouring IMs and corresponds to average values according to the type of traffic per hour, without distinguishing between peak and off-peak periods. The figures shown show the non-binding average hourly available capacity for long-distance passenger, regional passenger and freight traffic for timetable 2028. Further assessment and more detailed differentiation will be carried out during the preparation of the capacity model and capacity supply.

When planning train paths, the available infrastructure capacity is allocated by the market segments, taking into account current traffic flows and planned capacity constraints. After determining the limits of use necessary for the implementation of large-scale engineering works, the available capacities are classified by segment and level of priority:

Capacities for long-distance passenger trains within the framework of the implementation of the public service obligation.

Capacities for regional passenger trains within the framework of the implementation of the public service obligation.

Capacities for freight trains on Rail Freight Corridors (PaPs) and freight trains with known running days.

The possible offer of Rolling Planning capacity, starting from the predefined and pre-built capacity catalogue, will depend on the regulatory developments currently being proposed at European level for timetable 2028.

**3.3.7 SZCZ**

**Traffic planning principles**

This chapter explains the national principles of rail capacity allocation and paths planning in the Czech Republic. Currently, rail capacity is in principle allocated for the duration of one timetable, on the basis of regular, late and ad-hoc requests for capacity.

Transport planning is carried out in accordance with the Network Statement (NS)

|   | Location/Chapter           | Available from       |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Rail capacity application method and form   | NS/4.2.1; 4.2.2            | <a href="#">here</a> |
| Dates for timetable preparation             | NS/4.5.1.5; 4.5.1.6; 4.5.2 | <a href="#">here</a> |
| Coordination process and dispute resolution | NS/4.5.4; 4.5.5            | <a href="#">here</a> |
| Access to service facilities                | NS/7.1; 7.2; 7.3           | <a href="#">here</a> |
|   |                            |                      |

The process for allocating rail capacity on cross-border routes is addressed in the applicable Network Statements of both participating infrastructure managers. The way the paths are constructed is subsequently elaborated in the respective infrastructure interconnection agreements.

**Traffic flows**

For the preparation of the capacity models, the projected traffic flows are based on real traffic volumes between 2015 and 2023, taking into account the increase in available capacity from Chapter

1 and the temporary capacity restriction during the validity of the Timetable 2028, as described in Chapter 2. The reference timetable for the 2028 capacity model is the Timetable 2025. Data on the train counts were obtained from database and timetable data (IS KADR). The categories of passenger and freight trains according to the internal regulation SŽ D1 PART ONE were generalised into three categories:

- Freight service includes the categories: Nex (express freight train), Pn (standard freight train), Mn (handling train), Vleč (work-siding train), Lv (locomotive train), Služ (service train), Pom (ancillary train)
- Long-distance passenger service includes the categories: Ex (express train), R (long-distance fast train)
- Regional passenger service includes categories Sp (regional fast train), Os (regional train), Sv (empty train set)

The final capacity is influenced by the technical parameters of the infrastructure and the characteristics of the operational concept chosen. The numbers of planned paths may not reflect 100 % of the future traffic volume, but they approximate the volume of traffic which Správa železnic considers to be demanded in the course of long-term capacity planning.

For the purposes of the Timetable Redesign Project (TTR), train journeys are divided by the type of rail capacity into trains running according to the annual timetable, where all three modes are considered. For ad-hoc rail capacity, only freight trains are considered, as the proportion of passenger trains running on the basis of ad-hoc requests for rail capacity is marginal. The average calculation includes 99.9 % of all trains that used the infrastructure in the period 2015- 2023 between 00:00 and 24:00. These are really running trains, not planned trains. The arithmetic mean is used for the calculation, with the inclusion of zero values. Maximum values from the average number of train journeys per day between 2015 and 2023 are the result.

### 3.3.8 ACF/CFL

For passenger traffic, the Ministry of Mobility and Public Works defined the forecast until 2035 in the National Mobility Plan 2035<sup>4</sup>.

For freight traffic, the future demand has been predicted based on discussions with the freight customers. A more detailed prognose is expected to be provided with CNAs (Capacity Needs Announcements) at the next planning stage.

## 3.4 Outputs of the Capacity Strategy

|                             | AT  | CZ  | DE  | FR  | IT  | NL  | SL  | LU  |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Conduction of CNAs          | Yes | Yes | No  | Yes | No  | Yes | Yes | No  |
| Capacity Model without TCRs | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No  | Yes | Yes |
| Capacity Model with TCRs    | No  | No  | No  | No  | No  | Yes | No  | No  |

<sup>4</sup> Published at <https://transports.public.lu/fr/publications/strategie/pnm-2035-brochure/pnm-2035-brochure-en.html>

|                 |    |    |    |     |    |     |    |    |
|-----------------|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|
| Capacity Supply | No | No | No | Yes | No | Yes | No | No |
|-----------------|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|

### 3.5 Train Parameters

For the context of TTR planning, the capacity strategy defines basic parameters for passengers and freight transport individually. The parameters of international train lines are also shown in the traffic flow map. These parameters take into account specific limits along the entire length of the train route.

#### Passenger transport

In passenger transport, the segments serving the area are defined. For each segment, the basic parameters (Referent trainset speed, Maximum trainset length) that should be complied with by the operating trains are given. The countries in which these parameters are valid are indicated separately in a column. Due to local specificities (e.g. length of platforms) there may be deviations from the values shown.

| Category                | Country            | Stopping pattern                    | Referent trainset speed | Referent trainset length |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| High-speed trains       | NL, DE, IT, FR     | Connects main stations exclusively  | 300 km/h                | 400 m                    |
| Long distance trains    | DE, AT, FR         | Connects main stations exclusively  | 230 km/h                | 400 m                    |
|                         | DE, IT, AT         |                                     | 160 -200 km/h           | 400 m                    |
|                         | NL                 |                                     | 200 km/h                | 330 m                    |
|                         | NL, LU             |                                     | 140 km/h                | 330 m                    |
|                         | CZ                 |                                     | 160 km/h                | 400 m                    |
|                         | CZ                 |                                     | 160 km/h                | 300 m                    |
| Express regional trains | IT, AT, SI         | Does not serve all stops in section | 160 km/h                | 250 m                    |
|                         | NL, LU             |                                     | 140 km/h                | 250 m                    |
| Regional trains         | CZ, IT, AT, SI, FR | Serves all stops in section         | 160 km/h                | 180 - 250 m              |
|                         | CZ, NL, LU         |                                     | 140 km/h                | 180 – 250 m              |

#### Freight transport

In freight transport, it is very difficult to specify train types due to the generality of the capacity strategy. There are a large number of individual and local limits that make it impossible to reliably specify specific parameters for a large network. The limiting parameters for freight transport include allowed line classes of loading, maximum allowed train length, maximum allowed train weight, track slope and others. More specific freight train types can be specified when the capacity model is developed.

| Category   | Referent trainset weight | Referent trainset length | Referent trainset speed |
|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Standard 1 |                          |                          | 80 km/h                 |

|  |   |   |            |
|--|---|---|------------|
| Standard 2                             | Maximum weight set by infrastructure limits | Maximum length set by infrastructure limits | 100 km/h   |
| Standard 3                             |   |   | 120 km/h   |
| Special (Danger/ Extraordinary trains) | Individual                                  | Individual                                  | Individual |

### Capacity availability

Rail capacity utilisation is an important index of the effectiveness and efficiency of rail transport. This concept includes the degree of utilisation of available capacity of lines. The capacity of a railway system is influenced by a variety of factors, including both infrastructural and traffic planning aspect. Therefore the expected available capacity is always related to an expected mix and structure of paths. Should significantly different commercial requests be received, the overall available capacity could be different.

However, determining in an harmonized way the actual level of capacity available is challenging due to the lack of a uniform and standardised method for calculating this indicator. Different countries and organisations use different methodologies and parameters, which makes international comparison and analysis difficult.

The specific level of available capacity is shown within the traffic flow map. The map visualises the available capacity at border crossings for passenger and freight traffic together in three levels:

- Green – All requests might be met
- Yellow – Changes might be necessary
- Red – High demand expected

### Traffic flows

There is no common methodology within the participating IMs for calculating traffic flows for the purposes of the TTR capacity strategy. The traffic flows are based on the timetable concepts already available, taking into account the increase in available capacity from Chapter 1 and the Temporary Capacity Restriction during the validity of the timetable 2028 as described in Chapter 2. The route counts presented in this document may not reflect 100% of the future traffic flows, but they approximate the traffic volumes considered to be in demand during the long-term capacity planning process. The exact number of planned train paths is always known only when the timetable is drawn up and may change during the period of validity depending on the needs of the parties involved (applicants can make suggestions, in particular through the Capacity Needs Announcement (CNA)). The traffic flow volumes given in this document are considered as the starting point for the next phases of the TTR project implementation, the Capacity Model.

The planned traffic flows are shown in the map of Figure 15. This map contains international routes divided into long-distance traffic, regional traffic and freight traffic. Different line types are used for different intervals.

The traffic flow map can also be found via this link: [CS2028 traffic flows network draft.pdf](#), on which it is easier to zoom in on the details of the map, like the train parameters and expected capacity availability.

## Expected traffic flows capacity strategy 2028

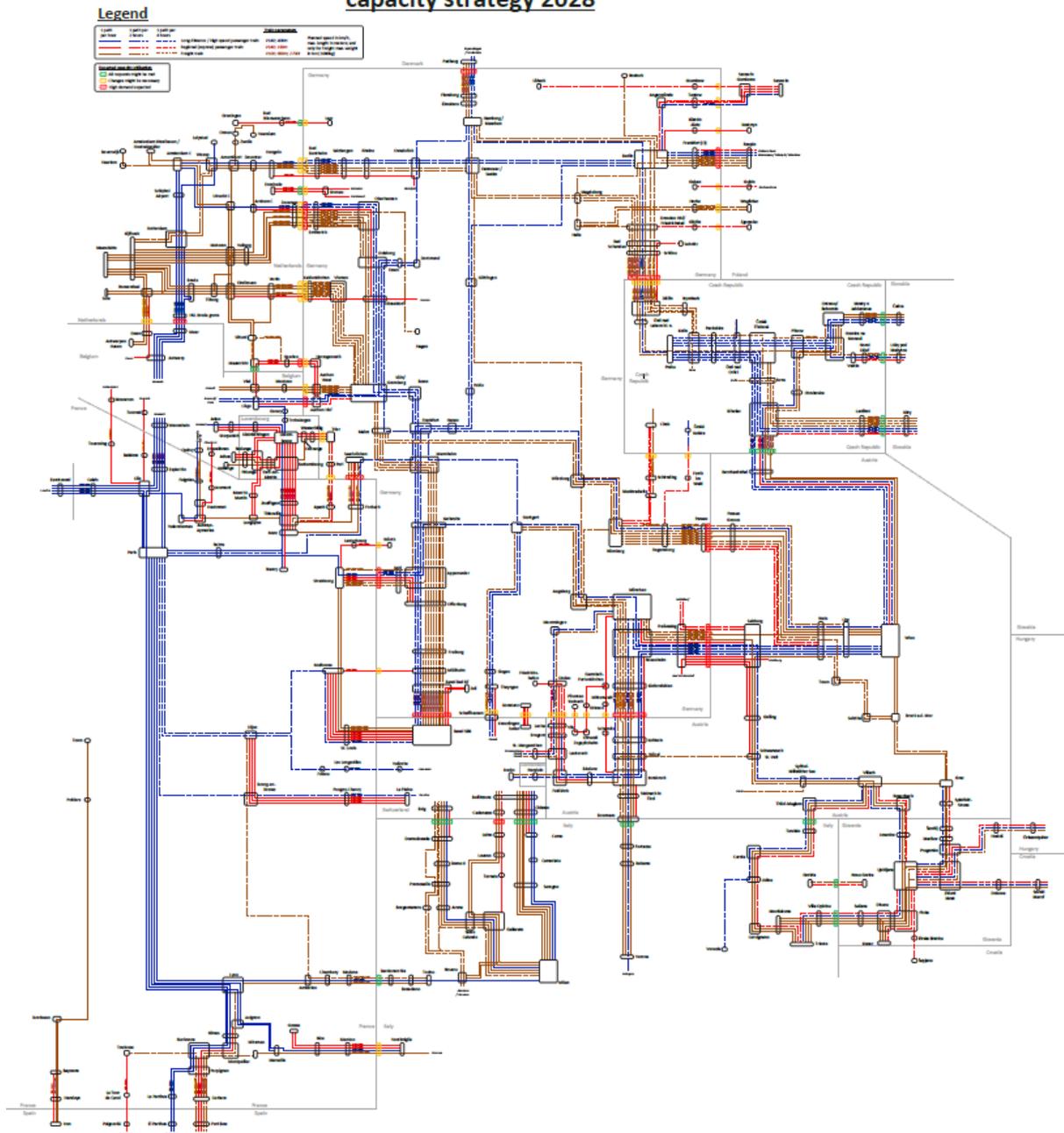


Figure 15: Traffic Flows<sup>5</sup>; see also the link to pdf-version of this map on the previous page

<sup>5</sup> For DB InfraGO the designation as highly utilised line depends on the absolute traffic volume, not on the utilization rate.

### 3.6 Border Traffic Flows

| Border points Czech Republic - Austria | passenger train paths per hour per direction |                | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|--|--|----------------|--|
|  | long distance                                | regional       |  |
| Břeclav – Bernhardsthal                | 1  | 1              | 2  |
| České Velenice – Gmünd                 | 0  | 0,5            | non systematic                             |
| Horní Dvořiště - Summerau              | non systematic                               | non systematic | 0,5  |
| Retz - Šatov                           | 0  | 1              | non systematic                             |

| Border points Czech Republic - Germany | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|--|--|----------|--|
|  | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Děčín - Bad Schandau                   | 0,5  | 1        | 4  |
| Cheb - Schirnding                      | 0  | 1        | 0,5  |
| Česká Kubice - Furth im Wald           | 0,5*   |          | 0  |

\* This train is categorised as regional in Germany and long-distance in Czech Republic.

| Border points Germany - France | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|--------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Apach - Perl                   | 0  | 0,5      | 0,5  |
| Forbach - Saarbrücken          | 0,5  | 1        | 2  |
| Port du Rhin - Kehl            | 1  | 2        | 1,5  |
| Lauterbourg - Berg             | 0  | 1        | 0  |
| Neuenburg - Mulhouse           | 0  | 1        | non systemic                               |

| Border points Italy - France | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                              | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Modane/ Bardonecchia         | 1  | 1        | 1,5  |
| Vintimille/ Ventimiglia      | 1*   | 2*       | 1  |
| TELT tunnel Lyon-Torino      |  |          |  |

\* All regional trains and most long distance trains terminate at the border station Ventimiglia

| Border points Germany - Austria  | passenger train paths per hour per direction |                    | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|
|                                  | long distance                                | regional           |  |
| Passau - Passau Grenze           | 0,5+non systematic                           | 1                  | 3,5  |
| Pfronten Steinach - Vils         | 0  | 1                  | 0  |
| Griesen - Ehrwald Zugspitzbahn   | 0  | 1                  | non systematic                             |
| Mittenwald - Scharnitz           | 0  | 1                  | non systematic                             |
| Kiefersfelden - Kufstein         | 2,5  | 1 + non-systematic | 3  |
| Lindau Reutin - Lochau           | 0,5  | 2,5                | non-systematic                             |
| Freilassing - Salzburg Liefering | 3  | 6                  | 2  |

| Border points Germany - Netherlands | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                     | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Bad Nieuweschans – Weener           | 0  | 1        | 0  |
| Oldenzaal - Bad Bentheim            | 1  | 1        | 2  |
| Zevenaar - Emmerich                 | 1  | 1        | 3 west --> east<br>4 east --> west         |
| Venlo - Kaldenkirchen               | 0  | 1        | 3  |
| Heerlen - Herzogenrath              | 0  | 2        | 0 / 0,5 (runs in off peak hours)*          |
| Gronau - Enschede                   | 0  | 2        | 0  |

\* DB scope is only 6-22h hence night traffic is underrepresented

| Border points Slovenia - Austria | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|----------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                  | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Jesenice-Rosenbach               | 0,5  | 0,5      | 1,5  |
| Šentilj-Spielfeld-Strass         | 0,5  | 0,5      | 1,5  |

| Border points Austria - Italy               | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|---|--|----------|--|
|   | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Steinach/Tirol (AT) - Brennero/Brenner (IT) | 0,5  | 0        | 3  |
| Thorl-Maglern(AT)-Tarviso(IT)               | 0,5  | 0,5      | 2  |

| Border points Slovenia - RFC 5,6,10,11 | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|--|--|----------|--|
|  | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Koper tov./Koper-Divača                | 0  | 0,5      | 4  |

| Border points Slovenia - Italy | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|--------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Sežana-Villa Opicina           | 0,5  | 0,5      | 3  |
| Nova Gorica-Gorizia            | 0  | 0,5      | 0,5  |

| Border points Luxembourg - France | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                   | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Mont St Martin (FR) – Rodange     | 0  | 2        | 0  |
| Zoufftgen (FR) – Bettembourg      | 1  | 5        | 0  |

| Border points Luxembourg – Germany | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|------------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                    | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Wasserbillig - Trier               | 0  | 2        | 1  |

## Border Points Not In Scope Of The Common Capacity Strategy 2028

| Border points Belgium - France | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|--------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Feignies - Quévy               | 1  | 0        | 1  |
| Tourcoing - Mouscron           | -  | 1        | 1  |
| Jeumont - Erquelinnes          | -  | 1        | 1  |
| Baisieux - Blandain            | -  | 1        | 1  |
| Mont St Martin - Aubange       | -  | -        | 1  |
| Wannehain - Esplechin          | 5  | -        | -  |

| Border points Switzerland - France | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|------------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                    | long distance                                | regional |  |
| St Louis - Basel                   | 0,5  | 4        | 2  |
| Pougny - Chancy/La Plaine (Genève) | 0,5  | 3        | -  |
| Les Longevilles - Vallorbe         | 0,5  | 0        | -  |

| Border points Spain - France              | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|---|--|----------|--|
|   | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Cerbere - Port Bou                        | 0  | 2        | 2  |
| Hendaye - Irun                            | 0  | 1        | 2  |
| Le Perthus - El Perthus (tunnel TP Ferro) | 2  | -        | 1  |
| La Tour de Carol - Puigcerdá              | -  | 1        | -  |

| Border points Belgium - Netherlands | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                     | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Essen – Roosendaal                  | 0  | 1        | 2  |
| Meer – HSL Breda grens              | 4  | 0        | 0  |
| Visé – Eijsden                      | 0  | 1        | 1  |

| Border points Belgium – Germany*  | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                   | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Montzen (BE) - Aachen West (DE)   | 0  | 0        | 2  |
| Hergenrath (BE) - Aachen Süd (DE) | 1  | 2        | 0  |

\* The numbers displayed in this table have not been aligned for TT 2028 and are solely endorsed by DB InfraGO.

| Border points Denmark – Germany* | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|----------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                  | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Flensburg Weiche - Padborg       | 1  | 0        | 1,5  |

\* The numbers displayed in this table have not been aligned for TT 2028 and are solely endorsed by DB InfraGO.

| Border points Poland – Germany*            | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|--|--|----------|--|
|  | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Küstrin-Kietz - Kostrzyn                   | 0  | 1        | 0  |
| Tantow Grenze - Szczecin Gumience          | 0,5  | 1        | 0  |
| Frankfurt (Oder) Brücke - Slubice / Rzepin | 1  | 0,5      | 1,5  |
| Horka - Wegliniec                          | 0  | 0        | 1  |
| Görlitz - Zgorzelec                        | 0  | 0,5      | 0  |
| Grambow - Szczecin Gumience                | 0  | 0,5      | 0  |
| Guben - Gubin                              | 0  | 0,5      | 0  |

\* The numbers displayed in this table have not been aligned for TT 2028 and are solely endorsed by DB InfraGO.

| Border points Italy - Switzerland | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                   | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Brig (CH) – Domodossola (IT)      | 0  | 1        | 3,5  |
| Bellinzona (CH) – Luino (IT)      | 0,5  | 1        | 2  |
| Chiasso (CH) – Como (IT)          | 1  | 0,5      | 4  |

| Border points Germany – Switzerland*               | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|--|--|----------|--|
|  | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Basel Bad/ Basel Bad Rbf - Basel SBB/ Basel SBB RB | 1,5  | 2        | 6  |
| Konstanz Grenze - Kreuzlingen                      | 0  | 3        | 0  |
| Konstanz Grenze Romanshorn – Kreuzlingen Hafen     | 0  | 1        | 0  |
| Schaffhausen Grenze - Schaffhausen                 | 1  | 1        | 0  |

\* The numbers displayed in this table have not been aligned for TT 2028 and are solely endorsed by DB InfraGO.

| Border points Slovenia - Croatia | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|----------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                  | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Dobova-Savski Marof              | 0,5  | 0,5      | 1  |
| Ilirska bistrica-Šapjane         | 0  | 0,5      | 0  |

| Border points Slovenia - Hungary | passenger train paths per hour per direction |          | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|----------------------------------|--|----------|--|
|                                  | long distance                                | regional |  |
| Hodoš-Öriszentpeter              | 0,5  | 0,5      | 0,5  |

| Border points Czech Republic - Slovakia | passenger train paths per hour per direction |                | freight train paths per hour per direction |
|---|--|----------------|--|
|   | long distance                                | regional       |  |
| Lanžhot – Kúty                          | 1  | 0,5            | 2  |
| Horní Lideč - Lúky pod Makytou          | 0,5  | 0,5            | 0,5  |
| Mosty u Jablunkova – Čadca              | 0,5  | non systematic | 2  |

| Border points Luxembourg - Belgium | passenger train paths<br>per hour per direction |          | freight train paths<br>per hour per<br>direction |
|------------------------------------|---|----------|--|
|                                    | long<br>distance                                | regional |  |
| Athus (BE) – Rodange               | 0   | 2        | 1  |
| Aubange (BE) – Rodange             | 0   | 0        | 1  |
| Sterpenich (BE) – Kleinbettingen   | 1   | 2        | 0  |
| Gouvy (BE) – Troisvierges          | 1   | 0        | 0  |

#### **4. Validation & Publication**

The present document adds to but does not replace national Capacity Strategies where published. The present document will be made accessible by RNE on its own webpage directly or by means of a weblink from the page dedicated by any participating IM to its own national Capacity Strategy.